The Centre Reporter.

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SEERING FRANCHISE IN STATE COLLEGE.

Two Street Railway Companies Would Give Service in That College Town.—Council Going Slowly on Matter.

The matter of street railway service for State College is now engaging the thought of the council in that borough, and since several companies have asked for a franchise to operate there the borough fathers are undecided as to which would prove the better in the way of service. The following is taken from the State College Times:

Three months ago, D. S. Mullin, of Pittsburg, formerly of State College, representing Senator Chas. H. Kline, Attorney C. A. Waldsmith, Attorney W. H. Kimberland, and others, of Pittsburg, appeared before the borough council of State College asking for a franchise to operate a street railway in the borough, the line to extend to Lemont. The matter came up again in council two months ago. Again it was continued over. At the meeting March 3rd an ordinance was read and changes were made and it was decided to hold an adjourned meeting Saturday afternoon for consideration of the ordinance. Saturday afternoon the ordinance was read, voted upon and unanimously carried granting permission to the company—Penn State Railway company—to use South Allen street, Beaver avenue, Burrows street and West College avenue. The ordinance was subject to the approval of the borough solicitor as to legal phraseology. And another adjourned meeting was agreed upon for Tuesday evening.

Then the importance of State College as a railroad center became very apparent. Reports came that the Huntingdon and Broad Top Railroad company was about to construct a line from Huntingdon to State College and the Lewistown Electric company extend its lines here.

Monday J. Irvin Quigley, president of the Lewistown and Reedsville Electric company, W. W. Uttley, solicitor, and Mr. Harvey, of Philadelphia, arrived in State College in the interest of a line from here to Lewistown. A special meeting of council was called and the plans of the company explained by President Quigley. It appears that the Lewistown company has been considering for years a line from Lewistown to Bellefonte. The plan is to lease the line from Reedsville to Milroy, build from Milroy to Centre Hall and use the Pennsylvania line to Bellefonte. It appears, however, that the Pennsylvania insisted upon a "spur" being built to State College. As a result, the Lewistown and Reedsville Electric company is now anxious to furnish State College with transportation facilities.

The gentlemen present were not asking for a franchise. They merely wished council to hold up the franchise to Senator Kline and others until they could make a survey and, if the plan is feasible, ask for a franchise themselves. For, although it is claimed that this matter has been considered for a number of years, no survey has been made. Now, however, the engineers appear to be waiting, somewhere in the mountains, for the snow to leave, then they will make a survey, then possibly they will ask for a franchise. In the meantime the Senator Kline franchise could be held up.

The idea of a "spur" to State College was not particularly attractive to the council but the gentlemen from Lewistown were not committing themselves to anything just yet.

A Fishing License Next?

A bill to provide for State fishermen's license, based on the same plan and for much the same objects as the gunners' license, is to be presented to the next General Assembly, according to announcement made on Saturday by Nathan R. Buller, State Commissioner of Fisheries.

Mr. Buller calls attention to the increasing demands upon the Department of Fisheries, which is compelled to secure its appropriations from the general funds of the State, and which in his opinion should have a special revenue for its object.

The number of fishermen has increased, and the demand for food fish is growing, he contends, and the license, in his opinion, is as much justified as a hunting license.

Federal Building for Tyrone.

It is now a certainty that Tyrone will have a postoffice building. Recently Congressman Warren Worth Bailey introduced a bill for the same, which has been referred to the public buildings and grounds committee. It is expected that the officials will be in Tyrone this week to decide on a location. The bill limits the cost of the building to $125,000.

During the past two weeks George Homan of Millheim has been buying up horses for shipment to the east.

WHERE ORANGES ARE CHEAP.

Former Potter Township Resident Makes Us Wish for a Short Stay in the Land of Oranges, Just Now.

The Reporter is in receipt of a "California Orange Day" post card from Mrs. Anna Cunningham, nee Miss Anna Moyer, of Potter township, who for several years has resided in Los Angeles, California. The message it bears is sufficient to cause any Centre countian to wish that he were there for a day and eat his fill of the fruit for which he is asked in this state to part with a dime for three small ones.

Here is what she says: "We are just in the beginning of our orange season. It is a common sight to see wagon loads of oranges peddled through the streets every day, much like the eastern farmer taking apples to the cider press. Two large buckets of oranges can be bought for fifteen cents."

California has inaugurated an "Orange Day," and has set Saturday, March 18th, for everybody to "Eat California Oranges." As for us, we'll say that we'd like to, and would, if we could have them unloaded at our door two large buckets for fifteen coppers.

Supervisors to Meet Friday.

The annual convention of supervisors of Centre county will be held in the Court House, Bellefonte, on Friday, March 17th, beginning at 10 o'clock a. m. All supervisors are earnestly urged to attend this convention; also all others interested in the good roads propaganda. The State Highway Department will be represented by eminent speakers, as well as many other speakers of authority on good roads will address the meeting during the day. We hope all will take an interest in this meeting and attend as there will be many instructive talks on building and maintenance of roads through out our district.—Hon. Ellis L. Orvis, President.

More Stringent Booze Orders in Lycoming.

Ninety-five licenses were granted, two refused and 17 held for further hearing by Judge Whitehead in license court, in Lycoming county, Saturday. The applications refused were: George A. Wood, at Waterville, and John T. Richards, at Unityville. No remonstrances had been filed against any of the licenses granted.

Judge Whitehead issued an order prohibiting music in rooms where liquor is furnished, and forbidding free lunches with drinks.

Letters From Subscribers.

Letters from subscribers to the Reporter are read with the greatest interest. The feature is one developed by this paper, and should and will continue a distinctive feature. We again ask our many subscribers to keep up the letter writing. The Reporter readers are like one great family, each one is interested in the other's welfare. Come along with the letters.

A Reply to Owen Wister.

A week or more ago the country was shocked to find a leading Philadelphia newspaper give space to a poem written by Owen Wister, a distinguished author, who in the most scathing language, flayed the President for his efforts in keeping this country out of a world war. The poem, by Wister, follows:

Not even if I possessed your twist in speech,
Could I make any (fit for use) fit you;
You've wormed yourself beyond description's reach;
Truth if she touched you would become untrue.
Satire has searched a host of evil fames,
Has withered Emperors by her fierce lampoons;
History has lashes that have flayed the names
Of public cowards, hypocrites, poltroons;
You go immune. Cased in your self-esteem,
The next world cannot scathe you, nor can this;
No fact can stab through your complacent dream,
Nor present laughter, nor the future's hiss.
But if its fathers did this land control,
Dead Washington would wake and blast your soul.

Criticism of the most severe forms poured in from the four ends of the country for the unpatriotic stand taken by the newspaper which gave space to the author's outburst, but it remained for Mrs. N. P. Eigelberner, of State College, to answer Wister in lines that more than match those of that noted author. The poem appeared in the State College Times, last week, and is given below:

Thou Wister false, unvaliant, lean of soul,
To name that great immortal one, to blast
Our sterling, heartsome President. He aims to cast
Aside desire for war with monstrous toil,
And keep the land of Washington peace-whole,
Triumphant, too. 'Twill stand out from the past,—
Old Glory's stars shall gleam from pole and mast,
With Truth unseared by an Immune's control.
Satires and Emperors fade beside our man.
Ungracious singer thou. Soon may you find
Those lines, and scale your poem so unkind;
And prove by measure if it meets a nobler plan
Which God entrusts to Wilson's godly mind

George Boozer was home from the Mercersburg Academy for a few days.

Letter from Minnesota.

Editor Reporter:

A look at the label on my paper convinces me that the figures "1917" would look better than "1916" and I herewith enclose a draft in payment for those figures.

I appreciate very much the weekly visits of your paper as I can thereby keep in touch with many of the people and events of my native valley.

The weather has been somewhat warmer the last two weeks than the former months were.

I shall be glad when spring comes for then we can commence working in the fields of rich black soil. There are quite a few boys from Penns Valley working in this section of the state; they are all employed on stock farms.

The wages of a good sober man who has no bad habits and can do any kind of farm work are from $35 to $40 per month. So come along, ye Centre county farmers.

Well, that is all, hoping that this letter will find all of my friends well. I have left old Centre county, but I still think of the pranks I used to play and the good old times I had.

GEO. J. BOHN.

Dover, Minn., Mar. 11, 1916.

A Reader of the Reporter for 40 Years.

In a letter from A. R. Krider, of Johnstown, in which there was a remittance extending the subscription on the Reporter for Mr. Krider's mother, Mrs. Mary Krider, there were these two sentences which reveal one of the Reporter's most highly valued subscribers in the point of years as well as one of the most appreciative. Mr. Krider says, "The 'Reporter' has been coming to our home for a period of over forty years and my mother finds the news very interesting as it includes many happenings from the vicinity of her old home in Centre county."

Forest Fire Wardens Will Meet.

A meeting of the forest fire wardens of southern Centre county will be held at the Garman House, Bellefonte, tomorrow (Friday). Chief Forest Fire Warden, George Wirt, of Harrisburg, will address the gathering, and will outline plans for future protection of the wooded lands. In the various townships and boroughs making up this district are thirty-three fire wardens, three foresters and five forest rangers.

Planning for July 4th Celebration.

The local lodge of Odd Fellows are already planning to hold their annual celebration on July 4th. A feature of the festivities that will be a departure from the usual run of celebrations will be a grand ox roast which will take place on Grange Park. Ox roasts in some sections of the state are an annual affair and are the means of drawing big gatherings.

A High Class Concert.

True to all the press commendations, the Dorva-DeLeon company proved to be the acme of excellence in their musical entertainment in Grange Hall, Friday night. It was the closing number on the 1915-16 Lecture Course and it may truthfully be said the Dorva-DeLeon company furnished the climax to a season of high-class lectures and musicals. Without losing sight of the many classic musical entertainments which the lecture course patrons have enjoyed in previous seasons, it was the consensus of opinion that the Dorva-DeLeon quartette of artists scored highest among the great galaxy of musical stars. The personnel of the company was as follows:

Mme. Claire Dorva, vocalist and instrumentalist;
Prof. V. DeLeon, instrumentalist;
Charles R. Rogers, pianist;
Miss Elizabeth L. Beattie, impersonator.

The program was one of classical and operatic selections, and music lovers were given a great variety of instrumental and vocal productions. It is usually stated that operatic music is unintelligible and therefore meaningless to those lacking culture in the musical art. While true to an extent it was not the case when Mme. Dorva sang in the native tongue of four different countries. The hearty applause which greeted her performance was evidence of the favorable impression it made upon the audience, and she was forced to respond with an encore. In fact each number on the program was followed by a repitition, so well did the various selections please. The impersonations, dramatic and humorous, by Miss Beattie, were likewise well received and evoked long applause.

It was altogether a fitting number with which to close the course for it must have left a desire in many who are not now lecture course subscribers to want to belong next year in order that this movement for intellectual progress may remain here.

1915 WAS A HEALTHY YEAR.

Vital Statistics Show a Big Reduction in Deaths from Principal Diseases.

The year 1915 was the healthiest in the history of Pennsylvania according to a report which has just been made to Governor Brumbaugh by Commissioner of Health Samuel G. Dixon. The vital statistics for the year 1915 show a very considerable reduction in deaths from diphtheria, measles, scarlet fever, whooping cough, tuberculosis and typhoid fever.

The comparative figures of 1906 and 1915 for these diseases are as follows:

	1906	1915
Diphtheria	2488	1634
Measles	1463	536
Scarlet Fever	577	295
Whooping Cough	1550	580
Tuberculosis	9258	8777
Tyhoid Fever	3917	1020

These reductions in the actual number of deaths have occurred despite the fact that in 1915 the population of the state was 1,242,716 greater than in 1906.

The State Department of Health has directed specific efforts for a number of years toward the prevention of these diseases and the reduction in the death rate is an evidence of the value of the application of preventative medicine.

Ten years ago Pennsylvania first began the collection of vital statistics. In that year the population of the state was 7,141,766, the death rate was sixteen per thousand inhabitants; the death rate for 1915 was thirteen and eight tenths per thousand. Had the death rate of 1906 obtained during the year just passed, 18,833 additional deaths would have occurred.

The total number of deaths recorded during the year 1915 was 115,311; the total number of births 218,915.

C. E. Society to Give Entertainment.

The young people affiliated with the Christian Endeavor Society of the Reformed church have been working for the past week or more in preparation of an entertainment which they will give in Grange Arcadia on Thursday evening, March 23rd. The first play is entitled "Up Caesar's Creek," a play for boys, in two acts. The cast of characters follows:

John Middleton, the leader of the Caesar's Creek crowd.
William Archer, John's rival.
Dick DeSmythe, the visitor from the city.
"Beaner" Hamilton, fond of hunting.
"Skinner" Grey, fond of fishing.
"Stuffy" Burrowes, loyal to John at all times.
Toby Elsher, who envies the city boy.
Tom Merton, Harry Sanford, } Chums.
"Spider" Kelly, the harmonica enthusiast.
"Daffy" Dan, a wandering minstrel.

The second play is a farce—"The Heavenly Twins," in three acts. The cast in this play follows:

Geo. W. Barton, Tom Jackson, } Students at Yale, "The Twins"
Miss Samantha Brown, principal of Miss Brown's Select School for Young Ladies.
Miss Sophronia Brown, Her sister.
Mrs Prof. Barton, Mother of George and friend of Miss Brown.
Helen Clark, Asole DeCourcy, } Girl chums in School.
Lou Brighton, Clara Cole, Miss Jennings, Miss Johnson, } Girls in Miss Brown's School.
Janitor,
Detective.

Transfers of Real Estate.

J. J. Deshler to J. H. Crouse, tract of land in Aaronsburg. $120.

J. A. Meyers et al to Robert P. Confer, tract of land in Howard. $16.67.

Isaac P. Bickel to Lucy Smith, tract of land in Bellefonte. $2000.

Annie S. Mease et bar to Anna L. Billets, tract of land in Spring twp. $850.

Chas. D. Bartholomew to Orvis P. Weaver, tract of land in Centre Hall. $170.

Jacob Marks to Lottie Harper, tract of land in Bellefonte. $2250.

Christ Beezer et ux to James Davidson, tract of land in Boggs twp. $6300.

Lizzie Miller to Susan Leah Stamm, tract of land in Millheim. $700.

Susan Leah Stamm to Mabel Auman, tract of land in Millheim. $800.

O. Perry Cole to Otterbein Cole, tract of land in Spring twp. $800.

Jacob D. Houser et ux to John T. Spangler, tract of land in State College. $1850.

Penn State Singing Praised.

The second annual glee club concert by the combined organizations of Bucknell University and the Pennsylvania State College was given at State College, Friday. While the numbers on the program were sung chiefly by the Bucknell students, a large crowd was present to welcome the State College club which was awarded second place in the intercollegiate concert contest in New York City. Princeton University won the cup, but Penn State was the only club given honorable mention. Other competitors were Harvard, Cornell, Pennsylvania, Columbia and Dartmouth.

By defeating both Swarthmore College and Dickinson, in debate, Pennsylvania State College has won the championship cup of the Intercollegiate Debating League.

NATIVE OF GEORGES VALLEY DIES IN OHIO, FRIDAY.

John Zerby, Aged Fifty Years, Succumbs to Diabetes.—Body Brought to Spring Mills for Burial.—Other Deaths.

Tuesday morning the remains of John Zerby, a son of William Zerby, of Georges Valley, arrived on the east bound train from Youngstown, Ohio, where his death occurred Friday previous. Ten years ago Mr. Zerby removed from Gregg township to Youngstown where he accepted a position as night watchman in a large printing establishment. A year or more ago he became ill with diabetes which terminated in his death at the above stated time. He was aged about fifty years and leaves a widow, who was a Miss Auman, of Gregg township, and two sons—Calvin and Homer. His father, as well as six or more brothers and sisters, also survive.

Burial was made direct from the train in the Salem cemetery at Penn Hall, Rev. D. M. Geesey officiating.

Millheim Woman Dies After Operation.

Mrs. Joanna Secrist, wife of George W. Secrist, of Millheim, and a highly esteemed woman, died in the Lock Haven hospital Saturday afternoon at one o'clock. She was admitted March 1st and submitted to a serious operation. For a time it was thought she would recover, but complications ensued, which contributed to her death.

Mrs. Secrist was Joanna Stover and was born May 1st, 1863, and was therefore in her fifty-third year. To her marriage to George Secrist two children were born—Charles and Cora—the former preceding his mother to the grave five years ago.

The remains were sent from Lock Haven to Millheim on Monday morning. Funeral services were held in the Lutheran church on Wednesday morning and interment was made in the Union cemetery, Rev. D. M. Geesey officiating.

DEATHS.

Mrs. Elizabeth Miller, of Altoona, died at the home of her daughter, Mrs. W. R. Anderson, in that city, Sunday afternoon of heart disease and kidney trouble. She had been confined to her room for five weeks and was in failing health for a year. She was born at Bloomsburg on June 19, 1845, and was the daughter of Rev. D. S. and Elizabeth Tobias, the father being a Reformed clergyman. She spent practically all her life at Millheim, where she was wedded to J. Henry Miller, January 14, 1866, who died in 1909. For the last three years Mrs. Miller resided in Altoona with her daughter, Mrs. Anderson, who survives with one sister and two brothers: Mrs. R. J. Smith, Millheim; J. William Miller, Jersey Shore, and Sanford D. Miller, of Altoona. One brother, L. C. Tobias, of Rockford, Ill., and nine grandchildren also survive. Mrs. Miller was a lifelong member of the Millheim Reformed church and was greatly esteemed among a large circle of friends. She died on the same date and in the same house as did her brother, W. A. Tobias, who expired in 1914, who also died in the afternoon. Funeral services were held at 523 Eighth avenue at 8 o'clock Monday evening and Tuesday morning the remains were taken to Millheim where further services were conducted at the Reformed church. Interment followed in the church cemetery.

After years of suffering with rheumatism, which she bore with true Christian fortitude, Mrs. Anna Swartz, wife of W. H. Swartz, died at her home in Lewisburg, Sunday night of last week. Only two months ago Mrs. Swartz, in a letter to the Reporter, told of her intense suffering and that for six years she had been unable to leave the sick room. Her friends in Penns Valley will be grieved to learn of her passing away. She was a native of Centre Hall, her parents having been Mr. and Mrs. Absalom Mingle. After her marriage to Mr. Swartz they lived in Millheim for several years. She was aged fifty-seven years and six months.

Funeral services were held in the U. Ev. church at Millheim last Thursday morning and were conducted by Rev. Edward Crumbling, of Lewisburg, assisted by Rev. W. H. Brown. Burial was made in the Fairview cemetery. Her husband and two daughters—Mrs. Prudence Mertz, of Royersford, and Mrs. Puella Clemens, of Lewisburg—survive. Also two brothers and two sisters: David Mingle, of near Woodward; Calvin Mingle, of Millheim; Mrs. Reuben Musser, of North Dakota, and Mrs. Rosie Tate, of Coleville.

Mrs. Peter Bear, a daughter of George and Lydia Wohlford, who left Centre county for Illinois in the 50's, died at Eldorado, Illinois, last week, aged seventy-four years.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

HAPPENINGS OF LOCAL INTEREST FROM ALL PARTS

To-morrow (Friday) the wearin' of the green will be in order, for it will be St. Patrick's Day.

Clover seed is well up in price but not too high to be sown most liberally by every farmer who is looking forward to profit in the future.

On Monday ex-Register J. Frank Smith assumed his duties as traveling salesman for the firm of Danenhower & Son, Inc., wholesale grocers, of Bellefonte.

S. W. Gramley, of Millheim, representing the mortgage creditors, bought the E. L. Auman Milling Company's real estate, in Millheim, which was sold at sheriff's sale recently.

Yoder Brothers disposed of thirty-two head of Kansas horses at Belleville, Mifflin county, last week, realizing almost $5000. E. E. Hubler, of Reberaburg, cried the sale and it required only three hours to sell the animals.

The home of Mr. and Mrs. J. Reuben Garis, at Bellefonte, was brightened last week by the arrival of the Stork who left a bright baby girl. Mr. and Mrs. Garis removed to Bellefonte from Centre Hall last summer. The latter is employed in the Beezer butcher establishment.

Carpenters are at work making alterations on the building formerly occupied by the Reporter and of late used as a garage for the Boozer and Fetterolf automobile firm. Mr. Boozer has set in several new windows and partitions so that the room will best meet the demands of a first-class harness shop.

The Public Service Commission, at Harrisburg, in making public its report on the recent investigation of the steam heating conditions in Bellefonte, last week, stated that the size of the plant is sufficiently large to give adequate service. The heat company was ordered to follow a prescribed schedule of pressure at the boilers, varying with the outside temperature of the air.

C. E. Blazier, of State College, was a caller at this office of Monday and informed the Reporter that he and Mrs. Blazier (nee Miss Ruth Brooks) will begin farming on the Wieland farm at Linden Hall, April 1st. David Glasgow, the present tenant, will move onto his new possession, the farm which he purchased of Dr. H. F. Bitner, and located east of Linden Hall.

The 1915-1916 winter is about over, or correctly speaking, will finish on Tuesday of next week, the 21st, and if spring weather really sets in then we will not have much to complain of. The weather was pretty cold during the greater part of winter, and it took a lot of coal to heat up the homes, offices, shops, school houses, churches, etc., but after all the weather was not unseasonable to any great extent.

Following a request by the members of the United Evangelical church at Middleburg, of which Rev. S. A. Snyder has been pastor for several years, the change in pastors as was decided by the recent conference will not take effect, the presiding elder granting the wish of Rev. Snyder's parishioners by returning to them their beloved pastor and sending Rev. D. A. Artman to Bellwood, the place assigned Rev. Snyder by the conference.

Mr. and Mrs. James L. Decker, east of town, entertained a sledding party at their home, Thursday evening. The following enjoyed the evening listening to high-class music on the Edison Amberola, the instrument for which Mr. Decker has taken the agency: Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Reish, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Delaney, Mr. and Mrs. John Breon and children, Mrs. Alfred Krape and daughter Florence, and Miss Mary Durst.

The excessive rise in the price of many grades of fertilizers will deter many farmers from using it even in small quantities. Acid goods, from which is obtained phosphoric acid, an element deficient in many soils, has not advanced in price to such an extent that it cannot be used profitably on all crops, and should be used liberally. In fact, where farming is done with a bit of intelligence, it is only the specialist who needs any other commercial fertilizer than acid goods.

Mrs. P. Ellen Keller, (widow of the late Henry Keller) of Kansas City, Missouri, has been seriously ill since the middle of January. She is eighty-two years, yet her children are living in hopes that she will again be restored to her normal health which, by the way, was unusually good up to the date first mentioned above. Her daughters, Miss Margaret E. Keller, who makes her home with her mother, and Mrs. O. G. David, of Chicago, are doing all in their power to make the mother comfortable.

THE EUROPEAN WAR A YEAR AGO THIS WEEK

March 14, 1915.

French occupied Vauquois, in the Argonne, and Embermenil.

British repelled German attack on Neuve Chapelle.

Belgians made gains on the Yser.

Russians checked German advance in the Mlawa region.

Three British cruisers sank German cruiser Dresden near Juan Fernandez island.

French steamer Auguste Conseil sunk by German submarine.

March 15, 1915.

French captured trenches north of Arras.

Germans drove back British south of Ypres but were beaten at Neuve Chapelle.

Russians captured chief eastern defense of Przemysl.

Severe fighting in Bukowina and in ice fields of the Carpathians.

Britain refused to modify blockade order.

March 16, 1915.

Belgians crossed the Yser and drove Germans from trenches south of Nieuport.

British recaptured St. Eloi.

Russians drove back Teuton army that was marching on Przasnysz.

Russians routed Turks in Armenia.

Vice-Admiral Carden succeeded by Vice-Admiral de Robeck at Dardanelles.

German liner Macedonia, interned at Canary Islands, escaped.

March 17, 1915.

Belgians carried two positions in Yser region.

Westende was bombarded.

Russians crossed German frontier in two places.

Battle being fought for possession of Tarnowice.

British lost three mine sweepers in the Dardanelles.

March 18, 1915.

Belgian army advanced further in Yser region.

Germans vainly shelled heights of Notre Dame de Lorette.

Turkish soldiers killed civilians in Urumiah district, Persia.

British battleships Irresistible and Ocean and French battleship Bouvet sunk by mines in Dardanelles; 600 lost with Bouvet. French submarine sunk and other warships of allies damaged.

German submarine sank British steamer Glenartney in English channel.

Denmark, Norway and Sweden protested against British blockade of Germany.

Bombs from a Zeppelin killed seven in Calais.

Roumanian government seized shells in transit from Germany to Turkey.

March 19, 1915.

British and Germans fought in underground passages of Ramscappelle monastery.

Memel, German port on Baltic, occupied by Russians.

Von Hindenburg started new offensive in Central Poland.

Russians took Archawa from Turks.

British steamers Hyndfor and Bluejacket torpedoed in English channel.

March 20, 1915.

Russians won battle in streets of Memel.

Sortie by Przemysl garrison repulsed.

Holland protested against trade embargo.

Persian government called on Russia to evacuate province of Azerbijan.

Famous Factory to Reopen.

The famous King Teh Cheeng porcelain factory, which from the year 1396 furnished all the fine porcelain for the royal palaces of China, is to be reopened. This factory was partly destroyed during the revolution in which the republic was established and the various samples and patterns kept there were divided among the leading revolutionists. However, many patterns have been recovered, together with samples, and the next step is awaited with interest.

Ready for Him.

"Tomorrow, gentlemen," said the professor in a lecture on taking notes, "I will bring in my cards and show you my card system." Voice: "O. K., doc. Fetch some chips and we'll have a regular party."—Pennsylvania Punch Bowl.

Ambiguous.

Stayiate—"Yes, I've been very ill. Everyone thought I was going to die, but I didn't, you see." Miss Weereigh—"Oh! that's too bad. I'm awfully sorry."

GEN. CARRANZA WILL NOT CONSENT

Mexico's President Warns U. S. What May Follow.

WHOLE FRONTIER UNEASY

Commander Of Invasion Determined To Take No Chances With Inadequate Force—Scouts Will Have No Hope For Life If Captured By Villa. Part That Aeroplanes Will Play In Expedition.

Mexico City. — General Carranza issued a manifesto to the nation declaring that under no circumstances would the Mexican government grant the right to the United States to violate Mexican territory by sending in an armed force in pursuit of Villa without consent and the reciprocal privilege being first obtained and admitted. Word was sent to the confidential agent of the Mexican government in Washington to make immediate representations to this effect.

General Carranza says in his manifesto:

"I am sure that I interpret in this matter the national sentiment and that the Mexican people will comply in a dignified manner with their duty, be the sacrifices what they may, to sustain their rights and sovereignty, if, unfortunately, this drags us into a war—a war which the United States can never justify. We will not be responsible for the disastrous consequences. Upon the heads of the traitorous Mexicans, who, within and without this country, have labored to produce this result, will fall the inexorable justice of the people."

Change Campaign Plans.

San Antonio, Tex.—It became known that the plans for the campaign against Francisco Villa have been affected by the border situation elsewhere than at Columbus, N. M. The situation, it is said, is so important as to have hindered rapid concentration of the punitive expedition that will go after the perpetrator of the Columbus outrage.

Great excitement has been noted, it is authoritatively stated, in the Carranza garrisons at Nogales, opposite the Arizona border town of that name, and at Piedras Negras, which fronts Eagle Pass, Tex., from across the Rio Grande.

"We do not ourselves know just when the expedition that will search for Villa will start into Mexico, although, of course, it will be soon.

"It will go forward just as soon as a sufficient force with an adequate commissary can be organized. It will not be held back, however, until all troops now ordered to the border have arrived."

This was the statement of Major General Frederick Funston while he was outlining at Fort Sam Houston, Southern Department headquarters, as closely as military expediency would permit the plan that will be directed against the Mexican leader. He added:

"There is no use going at this thing half-cocked. The task ahead of us will be a long and anxious one."

The uneasiness along the border has extended to the large Mexican population on the American side. Troops now stationed on the border towns are sufficient to cope with any situation that may arise, General Funston says. However, as it is his intention to use these troops in the search for Villa and as they cannot be moved until other detachments arrive to succeed them on the border patrol, complete organization of the expeditionary force has been delayed.

Army circles feel bound to respect the fear of residents in American border towns that, notwithstanding assurances from General Carranza's representatives uprisings may follow the actual occupation of Mexican territory by American soldiers. It is felt that the welfare of the border cannot be sacrificed to the doubtful success of a hasty and therefore unprepared pursuit of the fugitive Villa.

CARRANZA QUIBBLES.

Replies To U. S. Note By Asking Reciprocal Right To Cross Border.

Washington.— General Carranza, through Consul Silliman, has asked the American Government for permission to send Mexican troops across the border and into the United States in pursuit of bandits.

General Carranza's note will be answered. The reply of the United States probably will say to General Corranza that his suggestion will be considered, if at any time it should become necessary for his forces to pursue bandits into American territory through the lack of a sufficient number of American troops to do the work. It probably will be pointed out that American troops are to pursue Villa bandits in Mexico for the sole reason that Carranza forces are not there in sufficient number to relieve the menace and that if a similar situation should arise in the United States his offer of co-operation would be accepted.

WILSON ORDERS TROOPS INTO MEXICO

5000 U. S. Force Will Take Villa "Dead or Alive."

SECRECY SURROUNDS PLANS

President Denies Aggression or Intervention.

Troops Will Come Back When De Facto Government Shows It Can Control Situation, Says Secretary Baker.

CARRANZA EVASIVE ON ACTION OF U. S.

Douglas, Ariz.—According to information from a reliable source received here, General Carranza replied to a telegram sent to him by Gen. P. Elias Calles, Military Governor of Sonora, asking the first chief of the de facto Mexican Government for an expression of opinion on the act of President Wilson in ordering a punitive expedition into Mexico to capture Villa, as follows:

"I am very sorry that conditions are such that the United States deems it necessary to take the action of which you have advised me."

Washington. — American troops were ordered across the Mexican border by President Wilson to take Francisco Villa and his bandits, dead or alive.

Under the direction, if not actually the leadership, of Major-General Funston, who ended the Philippine insurrection by taking Aguinaldo singlehanded, American columns are moving into Mexico. They go to meet about 3,000 guerrilla troops in a mountainous region from which Carranza troops have fled.

At General Funston's request, details of his orders were suppressed, so that he may move secretly and swiftly. For military reasons, the War Department declined to make public the number of men to be sent on the expedition.

Purely Punitive.

Whether this long deferred armed action, which is purely a punitive measure to clear Northern Mexico of menacing bandit bands over which General Carranza has no control, shall grow into a general armed intervention or occupation in Mexico depends in a large measure upon General Carranza and the Mexican people.

After a conference with President Wilson Secretary of War Baker issued the following statement:

"There is no intention of entering Mexico in force. So soon as the forces of the de facto government can take control of the situation any forces of the United States then remaining in Mexico will, of course, be withdrawn. The forces of the United States now on the border will be immediately recruited, but only for the purpose of safeguarding the territory of the United States from further raid."

Secretary Baker explained that by recruited, referring to the present border forces, he meant that movement of troops along the border, or of regiments from the interior to supplement the border control, were not to be construed as a mobilization for an extensive movement into Mexico. He indicated that there would be no campaign to recruit the Regular Army from peace to war strength.

No Thought Of Aggression.

President Wilson declared that the movement was entirely in aid of the Carranza government and without thought of aggression. This statement, prepared by the President himself, was given out at the White House:

"An adequate force will be sent at once in pursuit of Villa with the single object of capturing him and putting a stop to his forays.

"This can be done, and will be done, in entirely friendly aid of the constituted authorities in Mexico and with scrupulous respect for the sovereignty of that republic."

THE COUNTRY AT LARGE

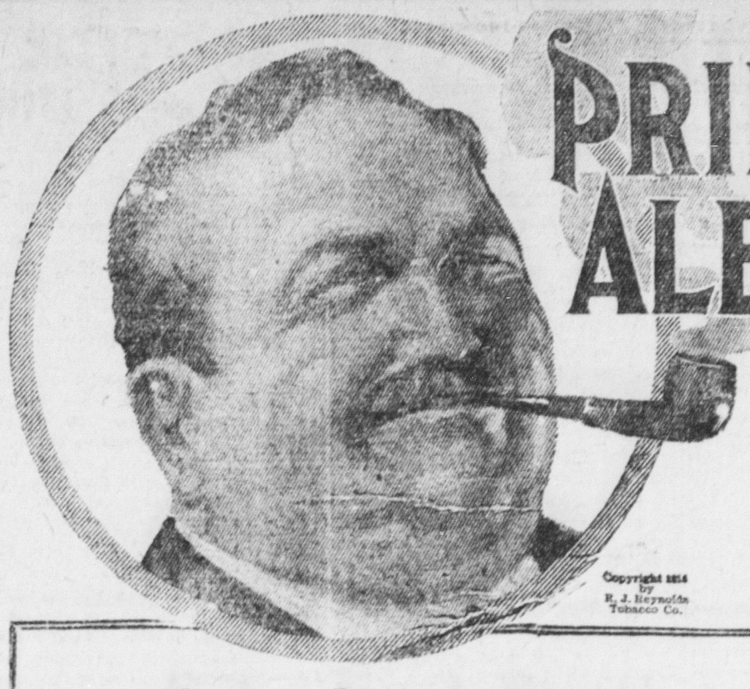
Three American soldiers were killed in the destruction of the barracks at Fort Gibbon, Alaska, by fire.

A new tube plant, to cost $25,000,000, will be erected at Gary, Ind., by the United States Steel Corporation.

Mrs. Clara Schweiger was found guilty of killing her husband at Kansas City, Mo., and was given 15 years in prison.

The lower house of the Massachusetts legislature went on record against abolition of capital punishment, by a vote of 81 to 87.

Fire, following an explosion in the chlorate department of the Niagara Electro Chemical Company at Niagara Falls, N. Y., threatened to destroy the plant.



PRINCE ALBERT

the national joy smoke

is the *real tobacco* for jimmy pipes and makin's cigarettes

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Get a Fresh Start!

For men who got away to a false start on a pipe or home-made cigarettes Prince Albert has a word or two for what ails *their* smokeappetites!

Forget you ever *tried* to smoke, for Prince Albert is so different, such a fine flavor, so cool and cheerful and friendly, you'll get a new idea of smoke joy! The patented process fixes that—and *cuts out* bite and parch!

And this little preachment is also for men who *think* they're on the right track. All to be said is that the sooner you lay out a nickel or a dime for a supply of Prince Albert, the sooner you'll make a discovery that'll be worth a lot to your peace of mind and tongue!

Get the idea of smoking *all* you want without a comeback—*that's P. A.!*

R. J. REYNOLDS TOBACCO CO., Winston-Salem, N. C.

Buy Prince Albert all over the civilized world! Toppy red bags, 5c; tidy red tins, 10c; pound and half-pound tin humidors—and—that classy crystal-glass pound humidor with sponge-moistener top that keeps the tobacco in such fine shape—always!

On the reverse side of this tidy red tin you'll read: "Process Patented July 30th, 1907," which has made three men smoke pipes where one smoked before!

STATE NEWS BRIEFLY TOLD

The Latest Gleanings From All Over the State.

TOLD IN SHORT PARAGRAPHS

That prosperity is not confined to the industries in the eastern section of the State was demonstrated to the Philadelphia Traveling Commission in Butler, when Mayor Hinman said the Standard Steel Car Works had been shut down only six months in the last twenty-nine years, and was completing steel cars at the rate of thirty a day. The Standard Steel Car Works employ more than 10,000 men, all of whom are kept busy on orders from European agents.

Norman E. Gutshall, a Silver Spring Township farmer, returned a marriage license to wed Alta E. Woveden, his sweetheart since childhood. Gutshall is but nineteen and stated when returning the license that on the day set for the wedding his finance fell from a porch and was injured fatally. The license was marked "not used," and placed in the record.

Because it was alleged that they failed to file required election expense accounts, Harry Morgan and John Boback, members of Shamokin Council, were ousted by Council, and then re-elected. This serves to shorten their terms to two years, instead of the four, to which they were elected.

The final shipment of an order for 2,600 cars from the Berwick plant of the American Car & Foundry Company has just been made to the Russian Government. The cars were crated and shipped to Vladivostok, where they will be reassembled by workmen from the Berwick plant.

Norman Moyer, a constable of Auburn, was held for perjury by Court, following his statement that he had subpoenaed two witnesses in the probe. When questioned, he admitted that he had not served any papers. A bill of indictment was sent to the grand jury against him.

John W. Blake, an Altoona blacksmith, who has figured in several Congressional campaigns, filed a petition to be a candidate for the Republican nomination in Congress from the Nineteenth District. His petition was the first Congressional paper to be filed.

A police force of twenty men with Morris Value as chief, has been organized to protect the Traylor Engineering plant at Allentown.

P. H. Breidenbaugh, Martinsburg, Blair county, was appointed to a clerkship in the State Compensation Bureau, to succeed the late Major M. A. Gherst.

Peter Pardes, forty years old, an employe at the C. K. Williams and Company's plant, Easton, was crushed to death in machinery. He reported for work in an intoxicated condition and was ordered out of the mill. Unobserved, he re-entered the plant, started the machinery and was caught by a belt and killed.

The front portion of the home of Michael Belasch, at Greenwood, was blown away by dynamite, the explosion being set off, it is alleged, by members of an industrial organization in revenge for Belasch's return to work in Greenwood Colliery. The family of Belasch narrowly escaped death.

Looking to better fire protection, a petition has been presented to Lansdale Borough Council asking that the tax rate be raised half a mill and the proceeds given to the fire companies. The petition has the signature of two-thirds of the taxpayers.

Ruth Bankes, five-year-old daughter of Dr. C. W. Bankes, of Reading, was burned badly by the explosion of a gas range in the kitchen of her home. Another child had turned on one of the gas jets and ran away. The kitchen was wrecked.

A jury, in finding Benjamin Decker, of Philadelphia, guilty of burglarizing the home of John Taylor and John Bush, at Wyncote, in January, 1915, established a precedent in Montgomery county in returning a verdict based on finger-print testimony.

Re-opening of the Mount Holly Paper Mills closed several years was announced by a representative of a new Boston corporation which recently purchased the mills. New machinery will be installed and some changes made.

Conshohocken and West Conhohocken School Districts have consolidated their continuation schools under the supervision of Miss Emily Jeffries. The local district has seventy pupils enrolled and the west district, fifty-six.

According to the report of appraisers, little Delaware is one of the wealthiest counties in this State. The report shows that the county has assets of more than $1,000,000. The debt is about $100,000.

The winter short courses in agriculture and home economics at State College closed after a session of twelve weeks. One hundred and thirty-one students including twelve women were enrolled.

Colonel Harry C. Trexler, of Allentown, has received from Wyoming four magnificent elk, which will be placed in his game park to infuse new blood into his herd.

Many miners at the Susquehanna Coal Company's Richard Colliery, quit work, refusing to pay $3.75 per box for a new grade of dynamite. They had been paying $2 per box.

The State's receipts from automobile licenses has passed the $1,300,000 mark, which is considerably ahead of the payments to this date last year.

DIVIDE STATE INTO 5 ROAD DISTRICTS

State Highway Commissioner Cunningham Announces Divisions To Increase Efficiency.

Harrisburg — Highway Commissioner Cunningham announced the division of the State into five districts for handling the work of the Bureau of Township Highways, and a number of appointments on his staff.

P. M. Tebbs, assistant engineer in charge of the Scranton district, was promoted to engineer of construction, succeeding John T. Gephart, Jr., resigned, and will have headquarters in Harrisburg. W. A. Van Duser, assistant engineer at York, has been transferred to Scranton to succeed Tebbs. Charles W. Erisman, Lancaster, draftsman in the Township Bureau, was promoted to be acting assistant engineer, with headquarters at York.

The creation of the five districts is to get the bureau into closer touch with the supervisors and the public, according to an announcement made at the department.

First District.

The first district, with headquarters at Harrisburg, of this township highway bureau subdivision, comprises the following counties: Dauphin, Lebanon, Schuylkill, Berks, Lancaster, Lehigh, Northampton, Bucks, Montgomery, Chester and Delaware. The name of the assistant engineer in charge of this district is withheld.

The second district, also with headquarters at Harrisburg, comprises the following counties: Cambria, Somerset, Blair, Bedford, Huntingdon, Fulton, Franklin, Adams, York, Mifflin, Juniata, Perry and Cumberland. The engineer is George L. Sollenberger.

The third district, with headquarters at Pittsburgh, comprises the following counties: Lawrence, Butler, Armstrong, Indiana, Beaver, Allegheny, Westmoreland, Washington, Greene and Fayette. The engineer is R. B. Hamill.

Fourth District.

The fourth district, with headquarters at Warren, comprises the following counties: Erie, Crawford, Mercer, Venango, Clarion, Forest, McKean, Elk, Jefferson, Clearfield, Cameron, Potter, Clinton and Centre. The engineer is W. P. Miller.

The fifth district, with headquarters at Bloomsburg, comprises the following counties: Tioga, Bradford, Susquehanna, Lycoming, Sullivan, Wyoming, Lackawanna, Luzerne, Columbia, Montour, Northumberland, Union, Snyder, Wayne, Pike, Monroe and Carbon. The engineer is Harry G. Harper.

Want Rates the Same.

The Association of Bituminous Coal Operators of Central Pennsylvania, who have miners in the Clearfield and adjacent regions, has intervened before the Public Service Commission in the complaints of the Pittsburgh Coal Operators' Association against the rates charged by the Pennsylvania system from the Pittsburgh district to Philadelphia, Erie and New Castle. They desire to have the existing basis of rates maintained.

HOME

A Story of Today and of All Days

By GEORGE AGNEW CHAMBERLAIN

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SYNOPSIS.

Alan Wayne is sent away from Red Hill, his home, by his uncle, J. Y., as a moral failure. Clem runs after him in a tangle of short skirts to bid him good-by. Captain Wayne tells Alan of the failing of the Waynes. Clem drinks Alan's health on his birthday. Judge Healey buys a picture for Alix Lansing. The judge defends Alan in his business with his employers. Alan and Alix meet at sea, homeward bound, and start a flirtation which becomes serious. At home, Nance Sterling asks Alan to go away from Alix. Alix is taken to task by Gerry, her husband, for her conduct with Alan and defies him. Gerry, as he thinks, sees Alix and Alan eloping, drops everything, and goes to Pernambuco. Alix leaves Alan on the train.

CHAPTER VII—Continued.

"That's right," said Alix as she followed his lead to a cab. She got in and then shook hands with her escort. He looked at the dollar bill her grasp left behind.

"That wasn't called for, Miss. It was enough for me to have saved ye from a fall."

"You didn't save me," said Alix with a bewildering smile. "I saved myself."

She left him scratching his head over this fresh enigma.

Alix was tired and hungry when she got back home but excitement kept her up. She felt that she stood on the threshold of new effort and a new life. After all, she thought, it was she that had made her dear old Gerry into a time-server. She could have made him into anything else if she had tried. She longed to tell him so. Perhaps he would catch her and crush her in his arms as Alan had done. She laughed at herself for wanting him to. She rang for the butler. "Where's your master, John?"

"I don't know, ma'am. Mr. Gerry hasn't come back since he went out this morning." To John, Mr. Lansing was a person who had been dead for some time. His present overlords were Mr. and Mrs. Gerry and Mrs. Lansing when she was in town.

"Telephone to the club and if he is there tell him I want to see him," said Alix and turned to her welcome tea. The sandwiches seemed unusually small to her ravenous appetite.

Gerry was not at the club. Alix dressed resplendently for dinner. Never had she dressed for any other man with the care that she dressed for Gerry that night. But Gerry did not come. At half-past nine Alix ordered the table cleared. "I'll not dine tonight," she said to John. "When your master comes, show him in here." She sat on in the library listening for Gerry's step in the hall.

From time to time John came into the room to replenish the fire. On one of these occasions Alix told him he might go to bed but an hour later he returned and stood in the door. Alix looked very small, curled up in a great leathern chair by the fire.

"It's after one o'clock, ma'am," said John. "Mr. Gerry won't be coming in tonight." Alix made no answer. John held his ground. "It's time for you to go to bed, ma'am. Shall I call the maid?"

Alix was exhausted but it was long before she fell asleep. She cried softly. She wanted to be comforted. She had dressed so beautifully—she had been so beautiful—and Gerry had not come home. As she cried, her disappointment grew into a great trouble.

She awoke early from a feverish sleep. Immediately a sense of weight assailed her. She rang and learned that Gerry had not yet come home. Then his words of yesterday suddenly came to her. "If I dropped out of the world today—" Alix stared wide-eyed at the ceiling. Why had she remembered those words? She lay for a long time thinking. Her breakfast was brought to her but she did not touch it. It was almost noon in the cloudy Sunday morning when she roused herself from apathy. She sprang from the bed. She summoned Judge Healey with a note and Mrs. Lansing with a telegram. The telegram was carefully worded, "Please come and stay for a while. Gerry is away."

The judge found Alix radiating the freshness of a beautiful woman careful of her person, but it was the freshness of a pale flower. Alix was grave and her gravity had a sweetness that made the judge's heart bound. He felt an awakening in her that he had long watched for. She told him all the story of the day before in a steady monotone that omitted nothing and gave the facts only their own weight.

When she finished the judge patted her hand. "You would make a splendid witness, my dear," he said. "Now, what you want is for me to find Gerry and bring him back, isn't it? Are you sure Gerry knew nothing of your—er—excursion to the station?"

Alix shook her head. "From the time he left my room and the house he has not been back."

"Has he been to the club?"

Alix colored faintly. "I see," said the judge quickly. "I'll ask there. I'll go now." He went off and all that day he sought in vain for a trace of Gerry. He went to all his haunts in the city—he had telephoned to those outside. At night he returned to Alix but it was Mrs. Lansing that received him in the library.

The judge was tired and his buoyancy had deserted him. He told her of his failure. Mrs. Lansing was thoughtful but not greatly troubled.

"Gerry," she said, "has a level head. He can take care of himself." She went to tell Alix that there was no news. When she came back the judge turned to her. "Well," he asked, "what did she say?"

"Nothing, except that she wanted to know if you had tried the bank."

The judge struck his fist into his left hand. "Never thought of it," he said. "That child has a head!" He went to the telephone. From the president of the bank he traced the manager, from the manager, the cashier. Yes, Gerry had been at the bank on Saturday. The cashier remembered it because Mr. Lansing had drawn a certain account in full. He would not say how much.

"There," said the judge with a sigh of relief, "that's something. It takes a steady nerve to draw a bank account in full. You must take the news upstairs. I'm off. I'll follow up the clue tomorrow."

Mrs. Lansing and Alix had never given themselves to each other. There had been no warfare between them but equally there had never been understanding. To Mrs. Lansing's inherent calm, Alix' scintillation had been repellent and Alix before Gerry's mother had felt much the same restraint as before Gerry's old butler.

There had been strength in Mrs. Lansing's calm. She had been waiting and now the waiting was over. Alix had given herself tearful and almost wordless into arms that were more than ready and had then poured out her heart in a broken tale that would have confounded any court of justice but which between women was clearer than logic.

At the end Mrs. Lansing said nothing. Instead she petted Alix, carried her off to bed and kept her there for three days. In her waking hours Alix added spasmodic bits to her confession—sage reflections after the event, dreamy "I wonders" that speculated in the past and in the measure of her emotions.

Mrs. Lansing sat and listened and sewed. Her soft brown hair just touched with gray, her calm face with its half-hidden strength, her steady eyes, turned now on Alix, now on her work, brought peace into the room and held it there in spite of the disquieting lack of news of Gerry.

When she spoke at last it was to say half-shyly, "You are stronger than I had thought. I believe every woman at the actual moment of surrender feels an impulse of shame and fear. During that moment desire lets go of her. It's the last chance that fate holds out. The women who fail to take the chance—it seems to me they fail through weakness of spirit and not of flesh.

"More women are ruined by circumstance than by desire. Women decide to burn their bridges behind them and then they think they've burned them. All the circumstances were against you. There wasn't a loophole in the net. Fate gave you your moment and you tore your way out."

On the fourth day Alix got up but on the fifth she stayed in bed. Mrs. Lansing found her pale and frightened. She had been crying.

"Alix," she whispered, kneeling beside the bed, "what is it?"

Alix told her amid sobs. "Oh, my dear," said Mrs. Lansing, throwing her arms around her, "don't cry. Don't worry. The strength will come with the need. In the end you'll be glad. So will Gerry. So will all of us."

"It isn't that," said Alix, faintly. "Oh, it isn't that. I'm just thinking and thinking how terrible it would have been if I had run away—really run away. I keep imagining how awful it would have been. It is nightmare."

"Call it nightmare if you like, sweetheart, but just remember that you are awake."

"Yes," said Alix softly. "I am awake now. I want to watch the Hill come to life and dress up for the summer. It will amuse me. It's long since I have watched for the first buds and the first swallows. I won't mind the melting snow and the mud. It's so long since I've seen clean country mud. I want to smell it."

"You don't know how bleak the Hill can be before the spring comes," objected Mrs. Lansing.

"Will it be any bleaker with me there than when you were alone?" asked Alix.

Mrs. Lansing came over to her and kissed her. "No, dear," she said.

CHAPTER VIII

In the squalid Hotel d'Europe Gerry occupied a large room that overlooked the quay. Even if there had been a better hotel in town he would not have moved.

He was not lonely. He wandered interested through all the straggling city. When he was too lazy to go to the city he sat in the precarious balcony of his room and watched the city come to him.

Almost a month had passed since he landed on his Lethean shore, and it had served him well. The world seemed to have time-servers in small regard. He began to think of his mother. He strolled over to the cable station. The offices were undergoing repairs. The ground floor was unfurnished save for a table and one chair. In the chair sat a chocolate-colored employee with a long bamboo on the floor beside him. Gerry's curiosity was aroused. He went in and wrote his message to his mother—just a few words telling her he was all right. The chocolate gentleman folded the message, slipped it into the split end of the bamboo and stuck it up through a hole in the ceiling to the floor above. Gerry smiled and then laughed at the gravity with which his smile was received. The man looked at him in astonishment. These English were all mad and discourteous. What was there to laugh at in a man at work?

Gerry went out and rambled over the city. Night came on. He was restless. He wished he had not sent the message. It was forming itself into a link. He dined badly at a restaurant and then wandered balk to the quay. Arriving steamers were posted on a blackboard under a street lamp. The mail from New York was due tomorrow. The consul's papers would be full of the latest New York society scandal—his scandal. He went to his room and sat on the balcony watching the varied craft preparing to drift out on the tide. Suddenly he got up and went down to the quay.

A long, raking craft was taking on its meager provisions. Gerry engaged its captain in a pantomime parley. The boat was bound for Penedo to take on cotton. Gerry decided to go to Penedo. Two of the crew went back with him to get his baggage. The hotel was closed. Gerry was the only guest and he had his key. He had paid his weekly bill that day, so there was no need to wake up anyone. In half an hour he and his belongings were stowed on the deck of the Josephina and she was drifting slowly down to the bar.

Four days later they were off the mouth of the San Francisco. They doubled in and tacked their way up to Penedo. There was no life in Penedo. It was desolate and lonely compared with the Hotel d'Europe and the lively quay; so when a funny little stern-wheeler started up the river on its weekly trip to Piranhas, Gerry went with it.

Piranhas was a town of mud plastered against a barren cliff. It made no pretense to being alive. Here a dead man could live in peace with his surroundings. From fifteen miles up the river came the rumble of the mighty Paulo Affonso falls, singing a perpetual requiem. Gerry established himself in a hovel of an inn that even in this far retreat did not dare call itself hotel.

The only industry in Piranhas was the washing of clothes and the women did that. Fish were caught in great quantities but fishing was not an industry. Here man fished only when he was hungry.

Gerry chartered a ponderous canoe. At first he had a man to paddle him up and down and sometimes across the wide half-mile of water. But before long he learned to handle the thing himself. The heavy work soon trimmed his splendid muscles into shape. He supplied the hostelry with a variety of fish.

One morning he awoke earlier than usual. The wave of life was running high in his veins. He sprang up and, still in his pajamas, hurried out for his morning swim. The break of day was gloriously chilly. A cool breeze, hurrying up from the sea, was steadily banking up the mist that hung over the river. Gerry sprang into his canoe and pushed off. He drove its heavy length up stream, not in the teeth of the current, for no man could do that, but skirting the shore, seizing on the help of every eddy and keeping an eye out for the green swirling mound that meant a pinnacle of rock just short of the surface. He went farther up the river than ever before. His muscles were keyed to the struggle. He passed the last jutting bend that the boatmen on the river could master and found himself in a bay protected by a spit of sand, rock-tipped and foam-tossed where it reached the river's channel. From this point the river was a chaos of jagged rocks that fought the mighty tide hurled from the falls still miles above.

Gerry ran the canoe upon the shore and stripped. He stepped on to the spit of sand. In that moment just to live was enough. A sharp cry broke on his astonished ears.

Almost at the end of the tongue of sand stood a girl. Her hair was blowing around her slim shoulders. Over one of them she gazed, startled, at Gerry. He drew back horribly confused and mumbling apologies that she could not have understood even if she could have heard them. Then she plunged with a clean long dive into the river. But before she plunged she laughed. Gerry heard the laugh. With an answering cry he hurled himself into the water and swam as he had never swum before.

The girl had farther to go across the little bay, but she could beat Gerry swimming and she did. Only she failed to use her head and, when she found bottom, started to wade. Wading is slow work in water waist high. Gerry stuck to his long powerful stroke. As the girl reached the bank the strong fingers of his right hand closed on her bare ankle.

CHAPTER IX

Gerry's cablegram to his mother was forwarded to Red Hill on the very day that the judge had gone to tell them that no trace could be found of the missing man. The judge was more down-hearted than ever over Gerry's disappearance and when he found the two women radiating happiness and excitement his heart sank lower still.

"I haven't any good news," he said ruefully before he alighted.

"Tease him," said Alix in a low tone to Mrs. Lansing.

But Mrs. Lansing had found new lines in the judge's tired face and she whispered back, "I can't." She put the cablegram in the judge's hand.

"What's this?" he said and read it. Then he gave a war-whoop, caught Alix around the waist and kissed her.

The Firs were gay that night—gay with the joy of happy people happily planning. In a month, say at the most, two months, Gerry could be here. Spring would have come. The Hill would be decked out in full regalia of leaf and blossom. It would be in full commission to meet him. They looked at Alix and Alix seemed to look at herself. He would come into his own as never before.

The judge undertook the cabling. He cabled Gerry and the message was reported undelivered. Then he cabled the American consul. There followed a long series of messages; first quick and hopeful, then lagging but not doubtful, then a wearying silence of weeks, ending with the inevitable blow. Gerry had been traced to the

She Led Along the Path Through the Bush.

San Francisco river. The envoy sent on his track by the judge's orders had reached Piranhas to find the little town in apathetic wonder over the discovery of Gerry's canoe stranded three miles down the river. The paddle was still in the canoe and a suit of pyjamas. No further trace of Gerry had been found. His body had not been recovered. The people said it was not unusual. He had undoubtedly been attacked by tiger fish. In that case his bones would have been stripped of flesh. It was impossible to drag the great river.

The judge hid in his heart the harrowing details. To Mrs. Lansing he told the central fact. She was struck dumb with grief and then she thought of Alix. Almost hastily they decided that it was not a time to tell Alix and during long months they put her off with false news of the search. They carried it farther and farther into the wilds of the subcontinent. The country was so vast, there was no telling when the messenger would finally come up with Gerry.

Alix bore the strain with wonderful patience. The truth was that her thoughts were not on Gerry. Something greater than Gerry was claiming all her faith—all her strength of body and soul. She did not talk. She was holding that final communion with her innermost self with which a woman dedicates her body to pain and sacrifice. Alix was not afraid. In those days the spirit of the race—her race of pioneers—shone from her steady eyes and even put courage in those about her.

Only when the ordeal was over and an heir to the house of Lansing had raised his lusty voice in apparent rage at having been born to so small a kingdom, did the frail Alix of other days come back. As she lay, pale and thin, but with the glorious light of supreme achievement in her eyes, Mrs. Lansing went on her knees beside the bed and sobbed, "Oh, Alix, I love you so, I love you so!"

Alix smiled. Slowly she reached one hand over and placed it in Mrs. Lansing's. "You are crying because you are a granny now," she said, softly, playfully.

Then came the day when Alix was strong—strong enough. Mrs. Lansing told her in a choked voice what they knew and what everyone believed. She cried softly in Alix' arms.

"Poor mother!" said Alix, her lips against the wet cheek. "How strong you've been! How you hid it from me! What a burden to carry in your heart, and smile. But listen, dear mummy. You are all wrong. Perhaps I would not have known it if you had told me—then—but I know it now. Gerry is not dead. There is no river that can drown Gerry."

Alix clung to her belief. So strong was her faith that Mrs. Lansing became infected, but the judge held out against them. "My heart is with you," he said, at the end of months, "but my head won't turn. A naked man even in South America would have caused remark. Why shouldn't he have come back for his clothes, for his money? After all, he wasn't a fugitive from justice. He was a man wandering over the earth in pursuit of a mere whim and a whim doesn't last forever."

Alix interrupted him. "Judge, I have never been angry with you. We all owe you too much. But if you ever say 'was' about Gerry again—" She stopped and bit her lip but her eyes spoke for her.

"My dear girl," said the judge and only his color showed that he was hurt, "don't be angry with me. It shall be as you say. I've only been trying to save you from years of weary waiting. If you have the courage to wait for sorrow, I shall wait too."

Alix kissed him. "There," she said, "I'm sorry I was rough."

"You! rough!" laughed the judge. Then he jumped up. "I'm forgetting my duties. I have a guest of my very own at Maple House and I must go to him."

A few weeks before, Hon. Percy Collingeford had looked up the judge. It was as much a pleasure to the young man as a duty he owed to his father, whose friend the judge had been for many years.

Collingeford was no stranger to America but he knew far more about dodging arroyos in New Mexico on a cow pony than he did about dodging the open trenches and debris of Fifth avenue on the trail of a tea-party. He was an Englishman, a younger son with enough money to put him above the remittance class, and he was possessed of far more intelligence than he had been born with, for, from his youth up, he had sought out experience in many places. He came back from the Klondike with more money than he needed for his passage but only a few kindred spirits knew that he had made it hammering the piano in The Fallen Star of Hope. He had the English gentleman's common creed: ride straight, shoot straight, tub often and talk the king's English. That creed fulfilled, nothing else seemed to worry him.

He was dining with the judge at the club one night when the name of Wayne—Alan Wayne—floated over occasionally from a neighboring table. Later as they sat over their coffee and cigars Collingeford said abruptly, "I know a chap named Wayne."

"So?" said the judge.

"Heard those people mention Alan Wayne," explained Collingeford. "I wonder if it was the same one—Ten Percent Wayne of Africa."

"That's the one," said the judge and watched Collingeford's face.

"Hum," said Collingeford. "When I saw Wayne he was in shirt sleeves and a battered sun helmet. There are some men that won't shake hands with him, but I'm not one of them."

It was then that the judge decided to take Collingeford to Maple House for over Sunday.

Chapter X

Gerry Lansing was sitting alone in the shade of a bush, his knees gathered in his arms and his head bowed down. Great quivering sighs that were almost sobs were shaking his strong body. In one terrific swirl life had wrenched him from the moorings of generations, tossed him high and dropped him, broken. Between the moment when he had plunged from the sandspit and the moment when he and the girl had stood on the river bank and laughed together to see the canoe, worked adrift by the eddy, swirl out into the river and away, eons had passed. In that laughing moment he had stood primeval man in a primeval world. With the drops of water from the river he had flicked off the bonds it had taken centuries to forge. And now his truant conscience returned to stand dismayed.

The girl, dressed in a homespun cotton robe belted at the waist, came back down a half-hidden path, shyly at first and then with awe to see him weeping. She tossed him a cotton jumper and trousers and then drew back and waited for him in the path. He rose slowly to his feet, dressed and followed the girl.

She led him along the path through the brush and out into a little valley made up of abandoned cane and rice bottoms. In the center was a slight elevation, too low to be called a hill, and on it was an old plantation house, white stucco once, now sadly weather-streaked, its tiles green-black with the moss of years

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

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BELLEFONTE, PA.
Office Porth of Court House.

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This well-known hostelry is prepared to accommodate all travelers. 'Bus to and from all trains stopping at Oak Hall Station. Every effort is made to accommodate the traveling public. Livery attached.

OLD FORT HOTEL
EDWARD ROYER, Proprietor. RATES: $2.00 Per Day
Location: One mile South of Centre Hall
Accommodations first-class. Parties wishing to enjoy an evening given special attention. Meals for such occasions prepared on short notice. Always prepared for the transient trade.

DR. SOL. M. NISSLEY,
VETERINARY SURGEON.
A graduate of the University of Penn's. Office at Palace Livery Stable, Bellefonte, Pa. Both 'phones.

THE CENTRE REPORTER.
ISSUED WEEKLY.

CENTRE HALL - - PENN'A.

THURSDAY, MARCH 16, 1916

SMITH & BAILEY . . . . . Proprietors
S. W. SMITH . . . . . Editor
EDWARD E. BAILEY { Local Editor and Business Manager

Entered at the Post Office in Centre Hall as second Class mail matter.

TERMS.—The terms of subscription to the Reporter are one and one-half dollars per year.

ADVERTISING RATES—Display advertisement of ten or more inches, for three or more insertions, ten cents per inch for each issue. Display advertising occupying less space than ten inches and for less than three insertions, from fifteen to twenty-five cents per inch for each issue, according to composition. Minimum charge seventy-five cents.

Local notices accompanying display advertising five cents per line for each insertion; otherwise, eight cents per line, minimum charge, twenty-five cents.

Legal notices, twenty cents per line for three insertions, and ten cents per line for each additional insertion.

CHURCH APPOINTMENTS

United Evangelical—Tusseyville, morning; Egg Hill, afternoon; Centre Hall, evening.

Reformed—Centre Hall, morning; Tusseyville, afternoon.

Lutheran—Union, morning; Georges Valley, afternoon; Centre Hall, evening.

The Weather.

Readings of the thermometer are made daily at 5 p. m., and indicate the highest and lowest points reached during the preceding twenty-four hours.

MARCH	Highest	Lowest	Snowfall in inches	Rainfall in inches	Character of day
Wednesday, 8	5	25	2		PC
Thursday, 9	28	14			PC
Friday, 10	34	22			PC
Saturday, 11	29	12			F
Sunday, 12	35	15			C
Monday, 13	46	32			F
Tuesday, 14	49	30			C

F means fair; *C* means cloudy; *P C* means partly cloudy.

VILLA TO BE PUNISHED.

From the Harrisburg Patriot.

The tragic raid of Villa and his bandits over American territory naturally makes American blood boil. If other crimes had not alienated all the sympathy and wild fascination Villa's career created in the States, this would have done it beyond hope of resurrection. The attack on the New Mexican village was senseless, cruel and cowardly.

There is a great demand that the Columbus victims shall be avenged by Villa's own blood, a cannabalistic impulse that survives the reading of the dastardly attack. America cannot justify itself by adopting Villa's methods, but it can and will demand punishment that fits the crime and quickly, too.

In the process none of the international relations between this country and that of Mexico need enter. Villa is not conducting warfare. His tactics are those of the guerrilla, the bandit he is. Villa punished and the episode is ended.

LOCALS

Mrs. James P. Herring of Altoona visited with friends in town over Sunday.

Mrs. Emma Breon advertises public sale of household goods for Friday, March 24th.

A flock of wild geese passed over town Sunday night in a northerly direction, another reminder of the approach of spring.

F. J. McClellan is employed in the boring mill at Burnham and drives his car to his work Monday mornings, working five nights in the week.

A. J. Weaver, of near Colyer, was a caller at this office on Monday to advertise letters of administration on the estate of Mrs. Effie Taylor, late of Potter township, deceased.

A cesspool was dug on the C. M. Arney property last week that developed a good opening at a depth of eight feet. A bath room outfit will be installed in the home soon.

Julian A. Fleming, who for the past several months has been in New York state, arrived in Centre Hall, Thursday, for an indefinite stay. Mr. Fleming had a rather severe attack of grip during his absence but has practically recovered.

H. D. Hagen, the carpenter, from Farmers Mills, was a caller at this office on Saturday to advance his subscription. He is anxiously awaiting the coming of the warm spring weather to start building operations, a considerable amount of which the Hagens are called on to do whenever the weather permits.

Public sales in this section during the third week of March: Saturday, March 18th, H. A. McClellan, at Tusseyville, and B. F. Rickert, agent, near Spring Mills; Wednesday, March 22nd, J. L. Tressler, Linden Hall, and Ezra Harter, near Spring Mills; Thursday, March 23rd, William Grossman, near Tusseyville.

Among the places wired for electric light and power during the past week was the grain house of R. D. Foreman. Mr. Foreman is the first business man in town to adopt the most modern method for supplying power, which speaks for his progressiveness. The size of the motor to be installed is a three horse power and will be used in his grain elevator for hoisting purposes.

Golden Wedding.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Meyer of Boalsburg on Wednesday celebrated their golden wedding anniversary in fitting style. No comments will be made this week except to say that the couple are among Boalsburg's most respected citizens, and that Mr. Meyer at eighty six years is the oldest resident in his home town. A full account of the celebration will appear in the issue of the Reporter of next week. In the mean time the Reporter extends its best wishes to the couple.

Williams-Grove.

Wednesday of last week Robert F. Williams, of Lemont, and Miss Mary M. Grove, of Centre Hall, were united in marriage by Rev. Ambrose M. Schmidt, at the Reformed parsonage in Bellefonte. The bride is the youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Grove and has taught several terms in the public schools.

The couple will begin housekeeping at Lemont in the near future. The Reporter extends congratulations.

A Jolly Sledding Party.

Thursday evening a sledding party enjoyed a two-mile drive into the country and stopped at the Lanson Burris place where several hours were spent in amusement and social intercourse. Splendid refreshments were served. The following comprised the party: Elizabeth Sweetwood, Mrs. Flora Vonada, Mary Whiteman, Delinda Potter, Bessie Breon, Marion Royer, Carrie Mitterling, Margaret Emery, Margaret Jacobs, Sumner Packer, Dwight Foss, James Sweetwood, Boyd Magee, Leonard Barnes, Alfred Crawford, J. T. Potter, W. H. Potter, and H. W. Dinges.

Marriage Licenses.

Homer C. Walker, Snow Shoe
Elsie A. Miller, Bellefonte

Robert F. Williams, Lemont
Mary M. Grove, Centre Hall

J. Clyde Smith, Bellefonte
Lena M. Bennett, Runville

Charles C. Lyon, Bellefonte
Bertha A. Corman, Bellefonte

Charles E. Emenhizer, Milesburg
Leota M. Lockard, Bellefonte

Harry F. Hagen, Lewistown
Mary H. Armstrong, Rockview

Andrew F. Garver, Pleasant Gap
Leah M. Campbell, State College

The Grind Stones Go Out.

The Wm. H. Mann Axe company at Yeagertown, is engaged in installing sanitary grinding equipment to succeed the old sand grindstone which was certain death to grinders if they continued in the business an average of five years. The dust from the stone solidified on their lungs, producing what was known as "grinders tuberculosis." The new equipment consists of an emory stone hooded and equipped with suction pipes which carry away all dust.

Shindle Postoffice to be Discontinued.

A notice has been issued from the postoffice department at Washington, D. C., ordering that the postoffice at Shindle, Mifflin county, shall be discontinued after next April 15. All mail addressed to that office will after the above date be sent to the postoffice at Wagner. F. W. Knepp is the present postmaster at Shindle.

State Agricultural Notes.

Pennsylvania is led in the production of potatoes by Maine, New York, Michigan, Wisconsin and Minnesota.

Pennsylvania ranks ninth in the production of wheat, fourteenth for oats and twentieth for corn in the United States

Farmers report that the high price of gasoline has caused an increase in the price of grinding in the grist mills of the State.

Pennsylvania ranks sixth in the production of hay with New York, Iowa, Missouri, California and Wisconsin leading.

Over 2,000 tons of cabbage remains in storage at Waterford, Erie County, and it is being moved slowly at seven dollars a ton.

It is estimated by the Department of Agriculture agent that it takes over 6,000,000 tons of feed to supply the livestock of the State each year.

In North Heidelberg township, Berks county, it is reported that thirteen per cent. of the farmers are disposing of their stock and will retire.

Pennsylvania ranks sixteenth among the States for the number of horses and twentieth for the number of mules it possesses. Iowa and Illinois lead with horses and Texas and Missouri with mules.

Between eleven and twelve thousand persons attended the Farmers Institutes held in York county, being an average of nearly 1,000 persons a day. York county farmers attribute much of their success to the institutes conducted annually by the Department of Agriculture.

BOALSBURG.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Felty of Altoona spent a few days with relatives here.

Mrs. J. Robert Harter moved to her new home at State College last week.

Miss Cecil Harro entertained a number of her young friends at a party on Friday evening.

Miss Mary Reish expects to spend two weeks sewing at the home of Daniel Houser.

Mrs. G. N. Fisher and son Daniel and daughter Louise spent Saturday in Bellefonte.

Mrs. Emery Gettig of Altoona is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Meyer.

Miss Blanche Rowe, who has been spending some time in Altoona, returned to her home last Thursday.

Mrs. Emma Stuart, who spent several months with sons in Pittsburg, returned to her home last week.

The demonstration which was held in the Boal hall, Thursday evening, was very interesting; also very instructive.

Come to Boal hall Friday evening, March 17th, at 7:30 and hear and see the free illustrated lecture, (fifty antern slides) by Dr. Repeer of State College, on "Consolidation of Schools."

Saturday, March 18th, the local institute for Ferguson, Harris and State College townships will be held in Boal hall, 9:15 a. m. to 4 p. m. Everyone come and help to make this meeting a success.

On Wednesday evening of last week a debate was held in the Boal hall. Men from State College, who acted as judges, said, "they came expecting to hear a high school debate, but they heard one equal to a college debate." From the twelve who debated six were chosen, and from this number three will be selected to go to Bellefonte and debate the latter part of March.

REBERSBURG

Mrs. Venas Moyer last week moved into part of Harry Gephart's house.

Mrs. Monas Gilbert spent several days the past week at Livonia.

Scott Stover has returned home from a two weeks' business trip to State College.

Calvin Crouse and wife are at present visiting relatives in Union and Clinton counties.

Rebersburg is in need of a good blacksmith as Jay Vonada, the east-end smithy, will leave town the first week of April for Old Fort.

Last Thursday Emanuel Confer, moved from near Wolfs store to the home known as the Dobler home, at present owned by Ward Gramley.

John Spangler is making preperations to move to State College in the near future. John Page will occupy the house Spangler vacates.

The Bierly and Duck shingle mill, which was placed on the Gephart farm several weeks ago, is not in operation at present owing to the extreme cold weather.

Orvis Walker quite recently bought three colony houses from Dr. Hardenburg, of Millheim. He had the same hauled to this place and unloaded them on his father's lot.

Linden Hall

Miss Edwina Wieland is home from Bloomsburg Normal for a ten days' vacation.

The teachers' training class meets this week at the home of Mrs. W. T. Noll, on Thursday evening.

Mrs. Henry Houser went to the Bellefonte hospital last week and was operated on there Tuesday morning. Her condition is favorable and her friends look for her speedy recovery.

William Catherman, having rented his property here to J. L. Tressler, will move to Boalsburg April 1st, where he will occupy the Shaffer house.

William McClintic will move to J. L. Tressler's farm and Clarence Blazier will farm for F. E. Wieland. Davis Glasgo the present tenant, will move to the farm he purchased from Dr. H. F. Bitner.

PENN HALL

George Shook made a business trip to Millheim on Friday.

Cora Osman spent Sunday at the home of Harry Weaver and family.

Pearl Heckman from Brush Valley visited her friend, Mae Noll, over Sunday.

Ethel Musser visited her sister, Mrs. Harry Ulrich, at Spring Mills, over Sunday.

David Hennigh and his daughter, Mrs. Lloyd Houser, spent Tuesday at the home of George Shook.

Willis and Milton Walker were here from Tyrone and Stormstown to help their father, get ready for his sale.

Mrs. John Musser and children, from Millheim, spent several days last week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Condo.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Fisher spent several days at Sunbury last week, Wallace Musser taking charge of the store while they were away.

It was a bitter disappointment to Fred ——, who after driving all the way from Centre Hall found that another had won a place in the affections of his "best girl." After this, Fred, be sure to book your date far enough in advance of your starting.

Millheim.

Byron Musser, of Sunbury, spent Sunday in his home town.

Mrs. N. A. Auman has been on the sick list the past week.

Harry Hartman, from State College, spent a few days at the home of his parents.

Mrs. Seymour Bain of Oak Park, Illinois, is visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Hassinger.

Mrs. Robert Breon and young son, of State College, are visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Motz.

As far as we know the ice houses are all filled, so here's hoping the weather man will soon show signs of spring.

John J. Flannigan shipped a car load of horses to Estontown, New Jersey. He will gather another load in a few weeks.

Mrs. Harvey Swartz, from Lewisburg, who has been suffering for years with rheumatism, was buried here Thursday morning.

Orvis Walker, of Rebersburg, who is going in the chicken business, purchased three colony houses from Dr. Hardenburg, who has decided to quit poultry raising.

George Winters, from Rebersburg, who has been troubled for some time with a cancer in the face, was taken by Dr. G. S. Frank to a Baltimore specialist where he will undergo a radium treatment.

The ladies of the Methodist church will hold a chicken and waffle supper in the basement of the church on Saturday evening. There will be a special apron sale; also ice cream and homemade candies. Everybody invited.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of administration on the estate of Mrs. Effie Taylor, late of Potter township, deceased.

Letters of administration on the above estate having been duly granted to the undersigned, he would respectfully request all persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

A. J. WEAVER, Administrator.
o.16p'd

Public Sale Register

SATURDAY, MARCH 18TH. ten o'clock A. M., H. A. McClellan, one mile west of Tusseyville will sell horses, cattle, sheep and hogs.

SATURDAY, MARCH 18TH, at 12 o'clock, B. F. Rickert, Agent, will sell on the Elias Weaver farm, on the pike one mile west of Spring Mills: 3 horses, 4 cows, lot of farm implements, etc.—E. E. Hubler, auct.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 22ND, ten o'clock.—J. L. Tressler, at Linden Hall, will sell farm stock and implements. This will be a clean-up sale.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 22, at 10 o'clock, Ezra Harter, 1 mile south of Spring Mills, will sell 2 good horses; 7 Red Poll Angus cows, some of which will be fresh by time of sale; Guernsey cow; 6 Holstein heifers; Jersey heifer; steer; Holstein bull, 3 years old, weighs 1600 lbs; Red Poll bull; 2 Holstein bulls, one year old; 23 Southdown ewes; ram, weighs 250 lbs; 2 brood sows; lot of shoats. Millheim threshing machine, shaker and straw carrier; clover huller; fanning mill; Johnston binder; Champion mower; Osborne self rake; Farmers Favorite grain drill; lot of harness. Lot household goods. Wise and Hubler, auct.

THURSDAY, MARCH 23RD, at twelve o'clock, William Grossman, one-half mile north of Tusseyville, will sell: Horses, cattle, hogs, 100 chickens, farming implements, household goods, etc. Everything on the premises will be sold. Calvin King, auct.

FRIDAY, MARCH 24th, at one o'clock, Mrs. Emma Breon, in Centre Hall, will sell Household Goods and other articles—see posters.

FRIDAY, MARCH 24TH—T. F. Royer, at Sprucetown church, will sell lot of live stock and implements. A clean up sale. Hubler & Wise, auctioneers.

FRIDAY, MARCH 24TH, ten o'clock a. m., W. A. Carson, on the Coburn farm, 2 miles east of Spring Mills, will have a clean up sale. L. F. Mayes, auct.

SATURDAY, MARCH 25TH—J. C. Goodhart, at Centre Hill, will sell cattle, sheep and hogs.

SATURDAY, MARCH 25th, one o'clock p. m. Mrs. Jerry Snavely, at Spring Mills, will sell: Top buggy, set harness, washing machine, cook stove, range, lot Plymouth Rock chickens, and many other article.

SATURDAY, MARCH 25TH, at one o'clock p. m., Mrs. S. J. Wagner, administratrix of the estate of Mary A. Durst, deceased, will sell at Boalsburg, lot of first-class household goods, top buggy, wagon, etc.

MONDAY, MARCH 27TH, at ten o'clock a. m., P. A. Auman, three miles west of Spring Mills, in Georges Valley, will sell; Nine head of horses, seven cows, eleven head young cattle, four brood sows; farm implements, etc. This will be a clean up sale.

MONDAY, MARCH 27TH, at ten o'clock, Henry Reitz, at Reitz's Gap, two and one-half miles east of Boalsburg, will sell farm stock, implements, and household goods. L. F. Mayes, auct.

FRIDAY, MARCH 31, at twelve o'clock, N. C. Yarnell and Son, will sell on the D. J. Meyer farm, 2 1-2 miles southwest of Linden Hall, a lot of first-class young stock, consisting of horses, colts and cows.

MISCELLANEOUS ADVERTISEMENTS

WANTED.—Small upright steam boiler. Write in care of Box 243, Centre Hall, Pa. o.13

WANTED.—Good farm hand, single man. Good wages paid. CHAS. M. ROSS, Pine Grove Mills, Pa. 2t-pd

HOUSE FOR RENT.—One half of the double dwelling house, located on East Church street, is offered for rent. Inquire of Mrs. H. J. LAMBERT, State College, Pa. Bell phone.

HOUSE FOR RENT.—The Mrs. Elmira Showers' home, one-half mile north of Tusseyville, is offered for rent. Property in good condition; lots of fruit on premises, good water; big garden, etc. o.13.pd.

SLEIGH FOR SALE.—Good Portland sleigh, used only one season, is offered for sale.—Inquire of THOMAS ADAMS, Pleasant Gap, Pa. (At Toll Gate.)

WANTED.—One of the large magazine publishing houses desires to employ an active man or woman in this community to handle a special plan which has proven ususually profitable. Good opening for right party. Address with two references, PUBLISHER, BOX 155, Times Sq., Sta., New York City. o.22

WANTED.—Retired business man or farmer to solicit orders in Centre county for ornamental trees, shrubbery, roses, etc. High Commissions paid weekly. Will gladly contract for all or part time service.—BROWN BROTHERS NURSERIES, Rochester, N. Y. 9.o.16

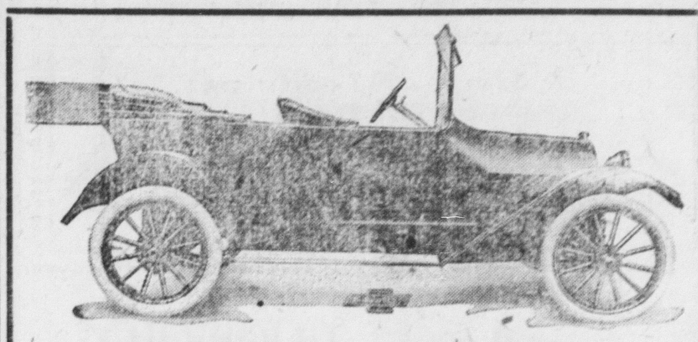
TWO MARE COLTS FOR SALE.—2 black mare colts, rising four and five years old; full sisters; were hitched, but not thoroughly broke; straight and all right. They are the making of a fine team, and are of coach stock. Reason for selling, have too many horses. JOHN H. RUNKLE, Centre Hall, Pa. Bell phone 81R11. R. F. D. 2, Box 100 3t—p'd.

CYRUS BRUNGART
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE
CENTRE HALL, PA.

Special attention given to collecting. Legal writings of all classes, including deeds, mortgages agreements, etc.; marriage licenses and hunter's licenses secured, and all matters pertaining to the office attended to promptly. oct3,1916 pd

JAMES W. SWABB
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE
LINDEN HALL, CENTRE CO., PA.

Deeds, Mortgages, Wills, &c, written and executed with care. All legal business promptly attended to. Special attention given to settling of Estates. Marriage Licenses, Automobile Licenses, and all other Application Blanks kept on hand. Nov. 25-1 yr.



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$550 Electrically Equipped

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At the New York and Chicago Shows The "Four Ninety" Chevrolet was the most widely discussed model exhibited.

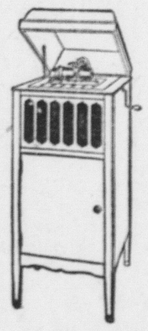
It is easy to handle, is very powerful, and exceptionally economical to operate. It is large enough for the WHOLE FAMILY it's just the car the world has been waiting for.

Remember, it comes complete $550 F. O. B. Factory

NITTANY GARAGE, STATE COLLEGE, PA.

When You Entertain Your Friends--

Whether it is a party, tea or dance, you can add much to the enjoyment of the occasion with



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To quote the inventor:
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The price of the New Edison has been put within reach of everybody. Just call Bell phone or write asking for demonstration in your vicinity.

SOLD AND DEMONSTRATED BY
J. L. DECKER
Bell Phone 75-12 CENTRE HALL, PA.

NEW STYLES FOR SPRING

Just received about 150 New Ladies' SUITS and DRESSES--all new models, materials and colors--at the most reasonable prices.

A new lot of Ladies' and Misses' SPRING COATS--the newest shades, styles, flaring, etc. Drop in, ladies, and look them over.

NEW CLOTHING FOR MEN

Snappy Crawford Shoes
Just the thing for Spring wear

KESSLER'S
DEPARTMENT STORE
MILLHEIM

AUDITORS' STATEMENT

—OF THE—

Receipts and Expenditures of Centre County

For the Year 1915

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES FOR CENTRE COUNTY FOR 1915.

Receipts.

To bal. on hand Jan. 4th, 1915	$32321 73	
To amt. from Com.	12030 06	
To amt. from Coll., State and County	64484 36	
To amt. from unseated land tax	1379 77	
To amt. from seated land tax	203 72	
To amt. from liquor licenses	655 50	—111075 14
TOTAL		111075 14

Expenditures.

By Amt. of Orders paid in 1915.

Appropriation acct.	$ 2948 00	
Assessors' acct	6637 05	
Asylum hospital acct.	2102 21	
Bellefte hospital acct.	410 00	
Bellef'te Overseer of Poor acct.	156 00	
Bridge acct.	623 13	
Children's Aid Society of Western Pa.	199 98	
Commonwealth Cost Acct.	4323 89	
Court House & Jail expense acct.	3087 23	
Commonwealth of Penna acct.	1066 25	
Court expense acct.	5779 51	
Constables' pay	904 73	
Co. Officers salary	7700 00	
Co. Auditors' acct.	475 40	
County Com. expense acct.	87 39	
Election expense acct. Primary & General election	6285 35	
Prothonotary acct.	98 71	
Glenn Mills school acct.	1048 83	
Huntingdon Reformatory	576 10	
Insurance acct.	430 10	
Inquest accts.	92 45	
Juvenile Court Expense	503 11	
Jury Com. acct.	334 46	
Notes and int. pd. for the year 1915	5043 62	
Lunacy acct.	20 00	
Miscellaneous acct.	788 49	
J Fred Noll, clerical work, Com. office	520 00	
Printing acct.	3184 16	
Register's acct.	425 25	
Road views	838 61	
Stationary, banks & office supplies	1067 39	
Sheriff's acct.	3288 92	
Sinking fund acct.	2200 00	
Scalp account	1621 00	
State Highway acct.	1178 75	
Soldiers' burial acct.	2122 25	
Telephone account	504 89	
Western Penitentiary account	537 81	
Balance	41864 12	—111075 14

W. H. Noll, Jr., D. A. Grove and Jacob Woodring, County Commissioners, in account with the County of Centre for the year 1915.

Appropriation Account.

Law Library Acct.	$ 406 60	
Memorial Appropriations	200 00	
Supervisors of Liberty Twp., bridge repairs.	578 50	
I J Dreese, College Twp., road and bridge	933 50	
Wm Alkey Mt Eagle, Bridge, Curtin Twp.	100 00	
Fred Schenck, Howard Boro, bridge	300 00	
D O Etters County Supt. Institute	200 00	
Premiums, Centre Co. Pomona Grange	229 40	—$2948 00

Assessors' Account.

Sundry Assessors' pay	$6592 17	
Jacob Woodring, delivering assessors' supplies	19 60	
Wm H Noll, Jr., do	15 28	
D A Grove do	10 00	—$6637 05

Asylum Hospital.

Maintaining sundry inmates, Danville	$1659 00	
Maintaining sundry inmates, Warren	365 00	
Maintaining sundry inmates, Wernersville	78 21	—$2102 21

Bellefonte Hospital Account.

Maintaining Sadie Deliga	$ 365 00	
Maintaining Edw Ward	45 00	—$ 410 00

Bellefonte Overseer of Poor.

Maintain'g Fred Cummins	$ 156 00

Bridge Account.

Port Matilda bridge	$ 78 78	
Eagleville bridge	44 00	
Karthaus bridge	4 00	
Milesburg bridge	35 91	
Penn Public Service Co. light for Presquiesle St. bridge	11 60	
Osceola Mills bridge	50 00	
Woodward Bridge, Howard Twp.	4 00	
Howard Bridge	45 78	
Labor, Freight and paint for sundry bridges	308 49	
Julian bridge	22 20	
Curtin bridge	17 37	—$ 623 13

Childrens' Aid Society for Western Penna.

Maintaining sundry inmates	$ 199 98

Court Expense Account.

Court reporting	$1257 34	
Court Officers pay	360 00	
Grand Jurors pay	910 48	
Traverse Jurors pay	3212 74	
Boarding Jurors	25 15	
D R Foreman notifying Jurors not to attend Court	13 80	—$5779 51

Court House and Jail Expense.

	Court House	Jail
Electric Light and supplies	$ 231 50	$ 183 06
Fuel	330 15	330 11
Hauling ashes	11 00	17 00
Water Tax	59 57	79 70
Plumbing and repairs	123 26	31 19
Soap & Eradicators	52 24	38 83
Mops	2 40	
Bedding and clothing for prisoners		63 16
Repairing roof	29 56	
Material and repairs		35 72
Sundry hardware bills.	37 61	29 39
Repairing Furniture	7 59	
Dental work extraction, J J K.		2 00
Repairs for heating system	51 28	
Laundry bill	11 76	
Repairing clock	18 00	
Sundry repairs	21 55	
Toilet paper	11 91	2 25
Paint and labor	17 28	
Electric fixtures & repairs	15 25	10 00
Cleaning monument	25 00	
Janitor, J T Zeigler	570 00	
Fireman, E J Brown	630 00	
Extra fireman	8 00	
	$2264 91	$ 822 32

Constables' Pay.

Returns to Court	$ 822 02	
Visiting Hotels	82 71	—904 73

County Officers' Salaries.

County Commissioners	$3000 00	
John D Miller, Treas.	2000 00	
Paul Fortney, District Attorney	1000 00	
N B Spangler, Solic'r.	400 00	
M A Kirk, M D County Physician	100 00	
H N Meyer, Commissioners' clerk	1200 00	—$7700 00

County Auditors' Account.

Jerry Brungart services and mileage	$ 169 44	
W H Goss, do	157 08	
S H Hoy do	134 88	
D. F. Fortney, atty. fee	10 00	
J F Noll, Stenographer	4 00	—$ 475 00

Co. Commissioners' Expense Account.

Viewing and inspecting County Bridges	$ 21 00	
Erie State Convention.	56 39	
Assessment of State Convention	10 00	—$ 87 39

Commonwealth of Penna. Account.

D F Fortney auditing Commonwealth of Penna. account	$ 50 00	
R K Young, State Treas. 1914 Forest Fire acct.	616 25	
R K Young, State Treas. Tax on Loan 1914 account	380 00	
John D Miller, Treas. Com. on tax on loans	20 00	—$1066 25

Commonwealth Cost Account.

Sundry witness fees	$2556 51	
Constables' costs	1088 36	
Clement Dale, Atty. fees, Langdon trial	60 00	
Justices costs	469 02	
W D Zerby, murder trial	150 00	—$4323 89

ELECTION EXPENSE.
Itemized Expenditures.

	Pri.	Nov.
Election Supplies	$ 284 31	$ 177 30
Wm. H. Noll, Jr, expense delivering supplies	18 60	18 65
D. A. Grove do	14 30	17 50
Jacob Wodring do	17 50	18 75
Election Officers pay and rent	2761 13	2866 61
Tabulating returns, Ivan Walker	20 00	
do A. A. Dale	20 00	
do L A Shaffer		15 00
do D. R. Foreman		10 00
do W H Hall		15 00
Serv'g Election Notices		8 20
Typewriting names of Districts		2 50
	$3135 84	$3149 51

Glenn Mills School.

Maintaining sundry Inmates	$1048 83

Huntingdon Reformatory.

Maintaining sundry inmates	576 10

Insurance.

Sundry Insurance	430 10

Inquests.

Sundry Costs	92 45

Juvenile Court Expenses.

Sundry costs, Letitia Bathurst case	$ 102 52	
Sundry costs, Blanche Bathurst case	104 11	
Sundry costs, Clarence & Oliver Hardy case	33 84	
Sundry costs, Walter Cotton case	31 00	
Sundry costs, Joseph Rish case	1 50	
Sundry costs, John Bayletts case	74	
Sundry costs, Irene Allison case	63 20	
Sundry costs, Lottie M. Saul case	16 20	
Rev A M Schmidt, Salary Probation Officer	150 00	—$ 503 11

Jury Commissioners' Account.

J Adam Hazel, services and mileage	$ 28 48	
John D. Decker, do	119 12	
Jos A Emerick do	71 36	
W. Miles Malker, services as clerk	115 50	—$ 334 46

Lunacy Account.

Sundry cases in Lunacy	$ 20 00	—$ 20 00

Miscellaneous Account.

D R Foreman entering suggestions and averments	$ 29 00	
D R Foreman filing suggestions and averments	112 80	
do reporting judgements	5 00	
For freight, express and drayage	70 00	
Stamps' & notices for tax collectors	160 22	
Postage stamps for Com. office	65 00	
Postage stamps for D O Etters, Co Supt.	9 63	
W. Francis Speer, indexing Sheriff's deeds	29 00	
Ira P Lucas, carrying out unseated land tax	10 00	
J Thos Mitchell making Bellef'te tax dup. 1915	25 00	
C U Hoffer making Philipsburg tax duplicate 1915	32 50	
G E Campel refund overpaid county tax	25 34	
G R Roan, refund state land tax	6 00	
Clothing for paupers	17 00	
Burial of Allens	131 00	
E J Hendrickson, decorat'g Old Home Week	70 00	—$ 788 49
J Fred Noll, clerical work, Com. office		$ 520 00

Notes and Interest Paid for the Year 1915.

Notes	$1000 00	
Interest on Semi Annual Bonds	4000 00	
Int. on Notes	43 62	—5043 62

Prothonotary's Account.

D. R. Foreman, bal. due on 1914 acct.	$ 98 71	
D R Foreman, Sundry Fees on 1915 acct.	775 86	
D R Foreman, balance due on 1914 acct.		98 71
D R Foreman, Sundry Credits 1915 acct.		248 69
D R Foreman, balance due on 1915 acct.		527 17
	$ 874 57	$ 874 57
Bal. due D R Foreman Jan. 3rd, 1916.		527 17

PRINTING ACCOUNT.
Centre Democrat.

Advertising Nov. Election proclamation	$ 288 00	
Printing ballots 21 precincts	178 50	
Circulating 4400 annual statements	88 00	
Miscellaneous sundry printing Duplicate	135 59	—$ 690 09

Democratic Watchman

Printing ballots 20 precincts	$ 146 04	
General Election ballots 23 precincts	195 50	
Circulating 2000 annual statements	40 00	
Miscellaneous sundry printing	197 95	—$ 579 49

Milheim Journal.

Advertising Nov. Election Proclamation	$ 288 00	
Printing General Election ballots 8 precincts	60 00	
Circulating 2650 annual statements	53 00	
Printing 18000 auditors' statements	126 00	
Miscellaneous sundry printing	32 00	—$ 559 00

Centre Reporter.

Advertising Nov. Election Proclamation	$ 288 00	
Printing primary ballots 19 precincts	75 00	
Circulating 1050 auditors' statements	21 00	
Miscellaneous sundry printing	24 00	—$ 408 00

Bellefonte Republican.

Advertising Nov. Election Proclamation	$ 288 00	
Printing ballots 19 precincts	160 00	
Miscellaneous sundry printing	4 00	—$ 452 00

Keystone Gazette.

Printing Primary ballots 20 precincts	$ 170 00	
Circulating 3500 auditor's statements	70 00	
Miscellaneous sundry printing	131 17	—$ 371 17

Philipsburg Ledger.

Circulating 2550 auditors' statements	$ 51 00	
Printing stickers, Nov. election	1 75	—$ 52 75

Philipsburg Journal.

Circulating 725 auditors' statements	$ 14 50	

Howard Hustler.

Circulating 800 auditors' statements	$ 16 00	

Smullton Printing House.

Printing court calendars for year 1915	$ 41 60	—$ 41 60
Total Printing Acct.		$ 3184 16

Registrar's Account.

Reporting births and deaths	$ 425 25

Road Views.

Ivan Walker, stenographer	$ 96 61	
J T Lucas, services	22 49	
John A Woodward, services	39 30	
C H Neff, services	80 80	
John J Bower, services	157 40	
H B Herring, services	138 30	
John A Way, services	151 70	
Ward Fleming, services	69 45	
C H Smull, services	82 65	—$ 838 61

Stationery, Blanks and Office Supplies.

Baltimore Office Supply Co.	$ 57 46	
Wm G Johnson & Co.	367 25	
Wm Mann Co.	124 08	
H C Dunning	21 22	
Clark Printing & Mfg. Co.	5 25	
Remington Typewriter Co.	68 00	
Keeloox Co.	21 00	
Index Book and Stationery Store	27 55	
Mary J Hunt, office supplies	29 58	
Smith Printing Co.	11 50	
Burrows Adding Machine Co.	269 50	
Adder Machine Co.	1 00	
R C Gray, repairing book machine	22 00	
Henry Hall, blanks	12 00	
The Cott Printing & Index Co.	30 00	—$1067 29

Sheriff's Account.

A B Lee bal. due on 1914 account	$1288 92	
Sundry fees on 1915 account	2000 00	—$3288 92

Sinking Fund Account.

Amount to Bellefonte Trust Co.	$2200 00

Scalp Account.

Sundry bounties paid	$1621 00

State Highway Account.

State Highway, Snow Shoe Twp.	$1178 75

Soldiers' Burial Account.

Wm. Resides	$ 50 00	
Isaac Smith	50 00	
Jesse Long	50 00	
Cornelius Bland	50 00	
Edward Long	50 00	
A E Loomis	50 00	
Patrick J Kelley	50 00	
Wilson Williams	50 00	
J M Brower	50 00	
Hiram Thompson	50 00	
David Miller	50 00	
Samuel Shafer	50 00	
Theo McNichol	50 00	
William Lucas	50 00	
Joshua Folk	50 00	
James Krape	50 00	
John B Crawford	50 00	
Chas Keys	50 00	
Jonathan Shuey	50 00	
Jonathan Abbott	50 00	
H H Montgomery	50 00	
Edward Stumptt	50 00	
John B Albert	50 00	
Howard Matley	50 00	
J D Slover	50 00	
John M Maskley	50 00	
James Barger	50 00	
Irvin Delaney	50 00	
Thos McCafferty	50 00	
Shuman Lyons	50 00	
Henry Heiser	50 00	
Lemuel Warner	50 00	
Geo Summers	50 00	
29 headstones for deceased soldiers	435 00	
20 G A R markers for deceased soldiers	5 25	
20 USWV bronze markers for dec'd soldiers	32 00	—$2122 25

Telephone Account.

Bell Telephone	$ 300 94	
United Telephone	203 95	—$ 504 89

Western Penitentiary Account.

Maintaining Sundry inmates	$ 537 81

Arthur B. Lee, Sheriff, in Account With Centre County for the Year 1915.

To 5 days drawing jurors and executing venires	$ 29 00	
To summoning Jurors to Court	126 00	
To Sheriff 44 days attending Court and Habeas Corpus hearings	132 00	
To deputy 11 days do.	33 00	
To telegram from Cal.	2 02	
To preparing Court and Election proclamations	55 00	
To Co. portion of fuel	40 00	
To report to board of Public Charities	40 00	
To washing 40 blankets @ 30c. each	12 00	
To conveying William Spangler to Western Penitentiary	87 60	
To conveying Clyde Carney to Western Penitentiary	87 60	
To conveying Wm Morris to Western Penitentiary	87 60	
To conveying Wm Lehman to Western Penitentiary	87 60	
To conveying Alfred Pletcher to Wayne county	107 84	
To conveying Clyde Stringfellow to Huntingdon	21 20	
To conveying Adam Sunday to Huntingdon	21 20	
To conveying Russell Spangler to Huntingdon	21 30	
To conveying John Bayletts to Huntingdon	21 20	
To conveying Harold Newman to Huntingdon	21 30	
To conveying Olive Hardy to Darlington.	121 80	
To conveying Lotty Saul to Darlington.	121 80	
To conveying Donald Paul to Glenn Mills.	121 80	
To conveying Harold Moore to Glenn Mills	121 80	
To conveying Clarence Hardy to Glenn Mills	121 80	
To conveying Harry Forman and Thos Shannon to Glenn Mills	139 40	
To fees in sundry Com. monwealth cases	259 05	
To boarding prisoners 3950 days @ 45c per day	1779 50	
To 392 turnkey fees @ 50c each	196 00	
By order on account	$2000 00	
By bal due Sheriff A B Lee	2014 71	
	4014 71	4014 71
January 3rd, 1916, bal. due A B Lee Sheriff.	$2014 71	

John D. Miller, Treas., in Account with Sheep Fund Arising from Dog Tax 1915.

To bal. in hands of Treas. Jan. 4, 1915	$2320 24	
To amt. col. 1915	1276 33	
By sheep claims paid College Twp.	$ 20 00	
By sheep claims paid Ferguson Twp.	18 00	
By sheep claims paid Gregg Twp.	15 50	
By sheep claims paid Haines Twp.	13 00	
By sheep claims paid Half Moon Twp.	86 40	
By sheep claims paid Harris Twp.	54 00	
By sheep claims paid Marion Twp.	10 00	
By sheep claims paid Miles Twp.	10 50	
By sheep claims paid Patton Twp.	42 50	
By sheep claims paid Potter Twp.	22 00	
By sheep claims paid Penn Twp.	20 75	
By sheep claims paid Spring Twp.	14 00	
By sheep claims paid Walker Twp	90 00	
By sheep claims paid Worth Twp.	11 00	
By C C Isenburg, South Philipsburg, killing 3 dogs	3 00	
By Wm. Johnston Co. 4000 dog tags for 1915	38 00	
By Baltimore Supply Co. 4500 dog tags, 4500 receipts for 1916.	81 00	
By cast to Boro. and Twp. school districts	2562 24	
By Treas. Commision	164 34	
By Balance	309 74	
	$3596 57	—$3596 57
Jan. 3,1916 to balance	$ 309 74	

Statement of County Funds From Duplicates for Years 1901 to 1915 Inclusive

Year	Collector	District	Bal. due Jan. 3, '16	
1901	H S Taylor	Bellefonte Boro	$ 110 44	$ 110 44
1902	H S Taylor	Bellefonte Boro	154 58	154 58
1905	Geo Noll	Milesburg Boro	67 47	67 47
1909	Daniel Straw	Huston Twp	19 32	19 32
1910	J K Johnston	Bellefonte Boro	131 84	
1910	C H Gulich	Philipsburg Boro	205 72	337 56
1911	J K Johnston	Bellefonte Boro	846 74	
1911	J F Smith	Centre Hall Boro	88 53	
1911	C H Gulich	Philipsburg Boro	1811 93	
1911	Jas H Weaver	Boggs township	38 39	
1911	Daniel Straw	Huston Twp	256 83	1412 42
1912	J K Johnston	Bellefonte Boro	164 19	
1912	C H Gulich	Philipsburg Boro	376 70	
1912	Jas H Weaver	Boggs township	23 35	
1912	C C Bartches	Gregg Twp	178 79	
1912	Daniel Straw	Huston Twp	144 42	
1912	M B Conway	Snow Shoe Twp	9 33	895 79
1913	J K Johnston	Bellefonte Boro	1411 17	
1913	W H Musser	Milesburg Boro	105 26	
1913	C H Gulich	Philipsburg Boro	1561 01	
1913	D W Musser	South Philipsburg Boro	314 94	
1913	Geo Fravel	Snow Shoe Boro	117 59	
1913	Jno S Speerley	Benner Twp	186 24	
1913	Jas H Weaver	Boggs township	140 34	
1913	P S Ishler	Harris Twp	873 92	
1912	W E Wright	Marion Twp	57 86	
1912	M B Conway	Snow Shoe Twp	177 83	
1913	W H Minnich	Walker Twp	452 19	5118 35
		Total	$ 8115 93	—$ 8115 93
		1914 Duplicate, Amt. due County	8861 89	
		1915 Duplicate Amt. due County	17774 14	26636 03
		Total outstanding	$34751 96	—$34751 96

Statement of the Taxes Outstanding on the Duplicates for the Year 1914.

Districts	Collectors	Bal. Due Jan. 4, 1915, Includ'g 5 p. c. added			Amt. Due Jan. 3, 1916		
		Co.	State	Dog	Co.	State	Dog
Bellefonte	J K Johnston	$2396 36	$ 383 69	$ 37 94	$1668 24	$ 129 80	$26 44
Centre Hall	C D Bartholomew	55 53		6 84			
Howard	T A Pletcher	178 29		11 25			
Milesburg	W H Musser	229 82	20 53	12 59	229 82	20 53	12 59
Millheim	J W O Houseman	423 02	8 85	12 49	217 82		1 42
Philipsburg	C U Hoffer	1762 01	53 95	33 94	421 14	4 35	29 43
S Philipsburg	J P Gates	271 50	6 07	14 70	126 40	31	6 43
Snow Shoe	Geo Fravel	233 05	62 15	27 60	179 08	61 83	23 11
State College	H W Sauers	1644 85	32 14	9 13	1197 91	21 74	8 13
Unionville	G W Rumberger	87 40					
Benner Twp	Jno Spearley	1086 44	29 12	57 31	337 38		18 38
Boggs Twp	Lemuel Beerly	946 99	32 93	55 30	162 64	2 32	19 31
Burnside Twp	R F Barger	244 79	39 96	25 68	90 56		14 18
College Twp	Luther Musser	1261 42	47 96	34 69		5 79	4 98
Curtin Twp	A A Miller	292 88	2 64	44 36	249 14	2 64	40 15
Ferguson Twp	J E Elder	832 90	13 57	27 57			
Gregg Twp	C C Bartges	1039 38	38 06	46 88	810 35	34 93	39 51
Haines Twp	Wilson Haines	702 77	20 87	30 88	35 20	1 05	1 52
Half Moon Tp	Harry Ellenberger	342 16	6 99	16 69	29 03		1 05
Harris Twp	F T Ishler	1048 46	60 39	26 81	206 37	60 39	26 81
Howard Twp	T A Pletcher	377 06		19 37			
Huston Twp	G E Campbell	299 85	16 86	23 32			
Liberty Twp	O J Stover	252 71	64	41 77	156 54		31 24
Marion Twp	Chas A Dolan	638 51	3 38	12 52	253 40	3 38	9 43
Miles Twp	C H Smull	924 24	5 76	29 98	58 06	5 76	13 27
Patton Twp	R H Reed	924 50	59 55	43 60	406 30	31 45	23 45
Penn Twp	Dani'l Krader	366 48	30 08	24 59	30 92		9 38
Potter Twp	J B Fortney	1027 98	16 18	30 55			
Rush Twp	Wm Wood	1150 88	5 04	68 14			
Snow Shoe Tp	John Boyce	22 68	4 24	33 81	93	14	1 61
Spring Twp	David Miller	1632 55	216 12	90 64	315 04	31 00	9 42
Taylor Twp	P A Hoover	288 73	4 39	24 28	27 31	3 97	11 11
Union Twp	Roy Calhoun	450 23	13 48	30 04	291 59	12 12	24 84
Walker Twp	D A Deitrich	905 73	20 38	32 23	170 39	29 38	25 74
Worth Twp	S U Harshberger	407 31	30 74	25 62	304 75	2 38	23 13
		24683 46	1286 71	1063 11	7976 31	456 26	429 32

Statement of the Taxes Outstanding on the Duplicates for the Years 1915.

John D. Miller, Treasurer, In Account with Road, School, Poor and Interest Funds From Unseated and Seated Lands.

Road Unseated.

DISTRICTS	Bal. on hand Jan. 4 1915	Amt. Col. in 1915	TOTAL	Amt. Paid in 1915	Commission	Amt. on hand Jan. 3, 1916
Benner Twp.	$ 26 60	$ 1 50	$ 28 10	$ 26 69	$ 1 41	$
Boggs Twp.	52 60	68 81	121 41	102 09	5 37	13 95
Burnside Twp.	429 38	240 36	669 74	595 75	31 35	42 64
College Twp.	12 55	1 46	14 01	13 31	70	
Curtin Twp.	108 21	133 49	241 70	229 61	12 09	
Ferguson Twp.	95 82	13 83	109 65	104 17	5 48	
Gregg Twp.	2 52	3 80	6 32	6 00	32	
Haines Twp.	18	9 83	19 01	8 49	45	1 67
Half Moon Twp.	3 68	22 50	26 18	193 54	10 19	* 177 55
Harris Twp.	71 46		71 46	67 69	3 56	21
Howard Twp.	44 72	4 25	48 97	46 48	2 45	04
Huston Twp.	81 24	16 00	97 24	92 28	4 80	
Liberty Twp.	58 60	34 83	93 43	85 23	4 49	3 61
Marion Twp.	3 34	1 57	14 91	14 15	75	01
Miles Twp.	116 34	64 87	181 21	156 71	8 35	16 15
Patton Twp.	21 81	9 51	31 32	27 33	1 44	2 55
Penn Twp.	4 68	2 28	6 96	6 61	35	
Potter Twp.		3 37	3 37			* 26 35
Rush Twp.	297 94	716 74	1014 68	955 73	50 80	8 15
Spring Twp.	49 63	1 52	50 95	48 02	2 55	40
Snow Shoe Twp.	358 16	572 50	930 66	880 09	46 32	4 25
Taylor Twp.	33 57	26 83	60 40	57 38	3 02	
Union Twp.	120 14	73 88	194 02	119 67	6 30	68 05
Walker Twp.	26 56	27 45	54 01	33 54	1 77	18 70
Worth Twp.	2 74	6 36	9 10	8 64	46	
	$2022 47	$2067 24	$4089 81	$3879 40	$ 204 81	$ 179 78

Seated Road.

Benner Twp.		$ 79	$ 79	$	$ 1 80	$ 79
College Twp.		36 00	36 00	35 91		
Howard Twp.		90 39	90 39			90 39
Huston Twp.		15 15	15 15			15 15
Liberty Twp.		12 50	12 50			12 50
Taylor Twp.		80	80			80
Walker Twp.		54 14	54 14			54 14
		$ 209 77	$ 209 77	35 91	1 80	173 77

School Unseated.

Benner Twp.	$ 20 82	$ 1 70	$ 22 52	$ 21 39	$ 1 13	$
Boggs Twp.	104 09	119 25	223 34	188 61	9 92	24 80
Burnside Twp.	504 63	240 36	744 99	703 26	37 01	4 72
College Twp.	12 14	1 46	14 60	13 87	73	
Curtin Twp.	151 67	123 79	274 86	261 12	13 74	
Ferguson Twp.	253 45	13 98	267 43	254 06	13 37	
Gregg Twp.	37 96	4 21	42 17	40 25	2 12	* 20
Haines Twp.		14 68	14 68	11 98	54	2 06
Half Moon Twp.	163 72	14 37	178 09	47	03	177 59
Harris Twp.	49 51		49 51	47 03	2 48	
Howard Twp.	2 40	6 67	9 07	8 62	45	
Huston Twp.		19 20	19 20	20 88	1 10	* 2 78
Liberty Twp.	56 27	31 35	87 62	81 11	4 27	2 24
Marion Twp.	36 15	6 87	43 02	40 87	2 15	
Miles Twp.	62 02	72 97	134 99	111 37	5 86	17 76
Patton Twp.	19 47	6 17	25 64	24 64	1 30	* 30
Penn Twp.	6 65	2 92	9 57	9 09	48	
Potter Twp.	23 52	3 00	26 52	24 71	1 30	51
Rush Twp.	557 39	2076 87	2634 26	2452 60	181 71	* 05
Spring Twp.	54 76	2 31	57 07	53 55	2 82	70
Snow Shoe Twp.	5 44	1316 73	1322 17	1246 89	65 62	9 66
Taylor Twp.	64 90	34 62	99 52	94 54	4 98	
Union Twp.	45	105 62	106 07	8 32	44	97 30
Walker Twp.	134 04	45 70	179 74	143 58	7 56	28 60
Worth Twp.	5 79	10 79	16 58	15 75	83	
	$2327 64	$5275 59	$7603 23	$6878 57	$ 362 05	$ 365 94

School Seated.

Benner Twp.		$ 59	$ 59	$	$ 1 79	$ 59
College Twp.		36 00	36 00	35 89		
Howard Twp.		101 48	101 48	96 41	5 07	
Huston Twp.		19 40	19 40			19 40
Liberty Twp.		9 00	9 00			9 00
Taylor Twp.		96	96			96
Walker Twp.		98 59	98 59			98 59
		$ 266 02	$ 266 02	$ 132 30	6 86	$ 128 54

Poor Unseated.

Benner Twp.	$ 9 16	$ 75	$ 9 81	$ 9 41	$ 50	$
Boggs Twp.	22 82	29 82	52 64	44 12	2 32	6 20
Burnside Twp.	253 75	58 38	312 13	295 60	15 56	97
College Twp.	1 70	30	2 00	1 80	20	
Curtin Twp.	4 34	53 47	57 81	53 98	2 83	1 00
Ferguson Twp.		1 49	1 49			* 5 51
Gregg Twp.	13 32	1 93	15 25	14 49	76	
Haines Twp.	28 30	3 91	32 21	29 99	1 59	63
Half Moon Twp.	23 73		23 73			23 73
Harris Twp.	11 09		11 09	10 54	55	
Howard Twp.	04	1 45	1 49	1 42	07	
Huston Twp.		6 40	6 40	4 34	23	
Liberty Twp.	19 70	17 86	37 56	34 64	1 83	1 09
Mar

John D. Miller, Treasurer, in Account with Borough and Road Fund From Liquor Licenses 1915.

	Amt. Coll.	Amt. Paid Out.	Com.	Total.
Bellefonte Borough	$ 600 00	$ 570 00	$ 30 00	$ 600 00
Centre Hall Borough	120 00	114 00	6 00	120 00
Philipsburg Borough	1080 00	1026 00	54 00	1080 00
Snow Shoe Borough	240 00	228 00	12 00	240 00
Howard Borough	120 00	114 00	6 00	120 00
Millheim Borough	120 00	114 00	6 00	120 00
Miles Twp	60 00	57 00	3 00	60 00
Gregg Twp	60 00	57 00	3 00	60 00
Penn Twp	60 00	57 00	3 00	60 00
Potter Twp	120 00	114 00	6 00	120 00
Rush Twp	120 00	114 00	6 00	120 00
Snow Shoe Twp	60 00	57 00	3 00	60 00
	$2760 00	$2622 00	$ 138 00	$2760 00

Recapitulation of State Licenses for 1915.

	Dr.	Cr.
To bal due Commonwealth for 1914	$ 8 64	
To retail mercantile licenses	4294 63	
To wholesale mercantile licenses	1036 59	
To retail liquor licenses	1150 00	
To wholesale liquor licenses (sellers and dealers' license)	1000 00	
To brewers' licenses	1000 00	
To billiard & pool licenses	770 00	
To brokers' licenses	84 00	
To peddlers' licenses	60 00	
To circus licenses	290 00	
To eating houses licenses	69 80	
To resident hunters' licenses	4000 00	
To non resident hunters' licenses	15 00	
To tax on loans	400 00	
By printing		$ 555 12
By postage		78 72
By exonerations		235 25
By Commissions		752 94
By Commonwealth vouchers		12090 86
By Balance for 1914		8 64
To balance		457 18
	$14178 71	$14178 71

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES.

Liabilities.

Amt. of outstand'g bonds @ 4 p. c.	$100000 00	
Amt. due A. B. Lee, Sheriff on '15 acct.	2014 71	
Amt. due D. R. Foreman, Pro. on 1915 account	527 17	
Estimated Commonwealth costs	850 00	
Estimated exonerations	250 00	
Estimated Com.	1725 00	

Assets.

Amt. of cash in hands of Jno D Miller, Treas. Jan 3, 1916		$ 41864 12
Amt. of cash in sinking fund		13045 00
Amt. due on Dup. from 1901 to 1915 inclusive		34751 96
Amt. due on tax liens		1070 59
Amt. due from seated land returns		682 47
Amt. due from Com. of Pa.		8063 00
Amt. due on acct. of Pomona Grange		229 40
Amt. due on acct of asylum bills		88 00
Amt. due on Snow Shoe Road acct.		1975 02
Amt. due from McKean Co. escaped convict		187 50
Amt. due from Elk Co. escaped convict		106 60
Amt. due from Indiana Co. escaped convict		102 60
Amt. due from uncollect'd jury fees		116 00
	$105366 88	$102282 26
Total indebtedness of Centre Co. Jan. 3, 1916		$ 3084 62

We, the undersigned Auditors of Centre County, having carefully examined the accounts of the County Commissioners, Sheriff and Treasurer of said County, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and correct statement of the receipts and expenditures and of their respective accounts for the year 1915.

C. H. GRAMLEY,
R. R. HARTSOCK,
S. H. HOY,
Auditors of Centre County.

Bellefonte, Penn'a., March 1916.

MEET TO FORM CHAPTER OF THE EASTERN STAR.

A Sister Masonic Fraternity to be Instituted Here as a Result of Enthusiastic Meeting Monday Night.

For several months past there has been more or less agitation in local Masonic circles over the prospect of organizing and instituting a Chapter of the Eastern Star, a sister organization of the Masons, at this place. Several weeks ago a committee consisting of Messrs. H. F. Bitner, F. M. Fisher, and W. Lloyd Stover, members of Old Fort Lodge, F. & A. M., was appointed to ascertain with what success such an undertaking would meet. A canvass among the mothers, sisters, wives and daughters of Masons, who only are eligible to membership to the Eastern Star, proved that a great number would be ready to affiliate with the order, and a meeting was called to take place simultaneously with the regular March meeting night of Old Fort lodge, which was Monday night. A large number of Masons from all parts of the Valley, a majority of whom were accompanied by the feminine sex, came to Centre Hall in automobiles. While the Masons met in their hall the rooms of the Odd Fellows across the hallway were being used for the assembling of the women folk. The turnout was better than was expected for the lodge rooms were filled with ladies who expressed a desire to join a Chapter of the Eastern Star. At the meeting a petition for a charter was signed by the maximum number of petitioners—forty-four women and six Masons, and this was sent to the secretary of the Grand Chapter at Pittsburg. It is designed to give the local Chapter the name of Center Chapter of the Eastern Star.

The names of Mrs. Anna Fisher, of Penn Hall, for Worthy Matron; Mrs. Annie Puff, of Centre Hall, for Associate Worthy Matron, and Dr. H. F. Bitner, of Centre Hall, for Worthy Patron, were recommended and must need be ratified by the officials of the Grand Chapter.

The time for instituting will be made known as soon as the instituting officer decides on a date, which in all likelihood will be in the near future.

Those at the head of the movement feel confident that it is possible to secure a hundred charter member. The nearest Chapter to Centre Hall is located at Mifflinburg.

Close of Court.

February term of Court closed Saturday morning, practically the entire week having been taken up with a trespass case. This case came on for trial Monday forenoon and verdict was reached Friday forenoon. The suit was brought by Wilber Wining against Wilson G. Frantz for timber alleged to having been cut on plaintiff's land. The latter claimed the cutting done, of timber, he had bought from Mr. Eller, Eller having bought from Kelley, and Kelley from Laird. After the suit was brought Laird, Kelley and Eller interpleaded on the record, and became defendants with Mr. Frantz; Mr. Laird being the owner of the title to the real estate by virtue of his warrant survey and patent claiming the land North to the Harris and Gray line, while the plaintiff claimed that the Laird land did not come to the Harris and Gray line by forty rods, thereby leaving a vacancy between the Laird and Harris and Gray land of something over twenty acres, which was included within Wining's warrant surveyed in 1909. The contention of the plaintiff was that within the lines of the Laird warrant as claimed by Laird there was more land than Laird was entitled to receive from the Commonwealth under his warrant, and produced a surveyor, who made the survey of the Laird tract, and testified that he included more land than he was allowed under the warrant in his preliminary survey and then plotted lines on the draft to bring it within the amount of land allowed to be taken under the warrant, but no testimony showing that Laird had notice of the plotting and the survey was returned to the land office at Harrisburg as extending to the Harris and Gray line. The real action in the case, however, being to recover the value of the timber, which the plaintiff alleges was not cut on the Laird land, but on his, by virtue of his warrant, and asked for treble damages, under an Act of Assembly which provides for treble damages where a person cut timber trees on the lands of another. The case was strongly contested and resulted in a verdict for the defendants at the time stated.

The Auditors' Statement for the County.

The Auditors' statement of the receipts and expenditures of Centre county for the year 1915 appears in supplement form in this issue. Every tax payer should give it a careful reading. Figures show that the balance in hands of Treasurer Miller on Jan. 3, 1916 was $41,864.12, which is more than $9,600 in excess of the amount a year ago. The indebtedness of Centre county has been reduced year by year during the term of the present Democratic Commissioners until at the present time it is only a trifle over $3000.

Mrs. Charles Mauder, of Lewistown, visited her uncle, Lanson Burris, last week.

DEATHS.

Daniel Washington Garbrick, a respected citizen of Boalsburg, died on Monday morning at his home following a second stroke of paralysis. Ten days previous Mr. Garbrick was stricken down while in the act of oiling his buggy at his home, and since that time he had been in a more or less serious condition.

Deceased was born October 5, 1847, and was therefore aged sixty-eight years, six months and eight days. In early years he became a member of the Reformed church at Houserville, of which he was a Deacon; he also served as a school director of Harris township. In 1874 he was united in wedlock by Rev. A. J. Hartsock, to Miss Mary Corman. To this union the following children were born: John Mitchell, Cora Therreess, Irene Della (married to Mr. Stewart), and George Thomas Garbrick. The following children also found a home with them, Albert Garbrick, Daniel Kuhn and Nellie Kuhn. He is survived by his wife two brothers and all of the children. Mr. Garbrick was a good and respected citizen, and endeavored to live a consistant Christian life. He will be buried on Thursday morning at Boalsburg, Rev. S. C. Stover, his pastor, conducting the funeral services.

Miss Mary Margaret Woods, a respected maiden lady of Gregg township, died at her home in Spring Mills early Sunday morning after a two weeks' illness with pleurisy. Miss Woods for a number of years lived alone and during her sickness she was cared for by her niece, Miss Rose Woods, of Boalsburg.

Deceased was a daughter of Mary and Samuel Woods and was born in Spring Mills, January 20th, 1839, consequently was past seventy-seven years. For many years she was an active worker in the Presbyterian church and her death removes one of the oldest and most respected citizens of that town.

Funeral services were held Wednesday morning at 9:30 o'clock and interment was made in the Presbyterian cemetery. Rev. R. R. Jones, of the Reformed church of Centre Hall, officiated at the services because of the Presbyterians being without a pastor at this time.

LOCALS

Mrs. C. G. Barnes left on Monday for a two weeks' visit with her daughter, Miss Stella Barnes, in New York city.

Miss Ruth Smith, a student in the Bloomsburg State Normal School, is spending this week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. L. L. Smith.

On Tuesday Maynard Meeker moved his household goods from the farm and occupied the Old Fort hotel, which he will conduct in the future.

A purse of about twenty-five dollars was raised this week among members of the local lodge of Odd Fellows for the relief of John Armstrong, a lodge brother, at Potters Mills.

F. V. Goodhart, the undertaker and dealer in furniture, sold his hearse team a few days ago to a Mifflin county party. Mr. Goodhart will depend almost entirely upon gasoline as a motive power for both branches of his business.

Just because there were two Andrew Greggs, and both living in Altoona, was the cause for a great many expressions of sorrow when in some mysterious manner the news of the death of Andrew Gregg reached this place, Monday evening. The individual by that name for whom there was all this unnecessary display of sorrow is alive and in the best of health, and continues to hold down a responsible position with the Bell Telephone Company. This assurance was made to the Reporter in a telephone message from Mrs. Newton C. Yarnell, near Linden Hall, a sister of Mrs. Gregg, on Tuesday. Mrs. Yarnell said that Mrs. Gregg had anticipated this supposition, owing to sameness of names, and in order to forestall the conclusion, wired her sister to the effect that an Andrew Gregg had died. but not "her Andrew." This is a bit of news that is pleasant to write, while at the same time the family of the deceased Andrew Gregg has our sympathies.

Here is what one of the Scranton papers say concerning the business ability of a man who claims Penns Valley as his old home: One of Scranton's most energetic and highly esteemed citizens is M. Shires, the district manager of the Mutual Benefit Life Insurance company, of Newark, N. J. Although he has been with the company for twenty years, Mr. Shires has been in Scranton but six years, but during that time he has built up an extensive acquaintance in this city and vicinity. He is a member of the Scranton Board of Trade, posseses much civic pride, and has shown himself to be a genuine "booster." He expects to abide here for the remainder of his life. Mr. Shires has put his company on the local map since he has been here, more than tripling its Scranton business since he has had charge of the district. He has a very attractive personality. His friends expect to see him go much higher up in the company's employ.

Spring Mills.

G. C. King was to Union county on Tuesday.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Ammon Decker on March 13th.

The stock sale of W. O. Gramley, held on Tuesday was well attended and everything brought good prices.

Prof. W. R. Jones and wife, and Rev. W. H. Williams are attending conference at Altoona.

Prof. Cephas Gramley of Rebersburg was circulating among his many friends on Monday evening.

Mrs. G. N. Wolfe left for Philadelphia on Tuesday to purchase her spring stock of millinery goods.

The body of John Zerby was brought here from Youngstown, Ohio, on Tuesday and taken to the Salem cemetery for interment. Mr. Zerby was born and rsised in this vicinity. About seven years ago he moved to Ohio. He was well liked and respected. The I. O. O. F. had charge of the funeral, he being a member of that order, and also a charter member of the Rebekahs.

The death of Miss Mary Woods on Sunday morning was a sad blow to her many friends. She will be missed by almost everyone. In every home in the village she was a welcome visitor, and as she went about everyone she came in contact with was benefited by her cheerful, patient manner. She was a loyal member of the Presbyterian church for sixty some years and a teacher in the Sunday school for fifty years.

Centre Hill.

Charles Foust and Miss Mary Byers spent Saturday in Bellefonte.

Mrs. Robert Smith is spending a few days with her friends in Coburn.

Charles Smith has been on the sick list.

A large flock of wild geese passed over here last Monday.

Frank Bible and family and mother spent Sunday afternoon at the home of Daniel Rossman.

Mrs. Loyd Smith spent a few days at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Loyd Brown, last week.

Howard Foust and grandson, Chester, have been spending a few days at the home of Harry Cummings.

Get a hustle on, milkmen, and don't keep the milk wagon waiting at Centre Hill so long.

Charles Bartges, who last week made sale of his farm stock and implements, will move from his farm near Penn Hall to that village and will assume the right hand man position in the Fisher store, so that the owner—Frank M. Fisher—will not need to give so much of his time to the business.

The weather on Wednesday led no one to believe that spring was less than a week distant, for it was one of the most wintry days of the season, a cold raw air being accompanied by four inches of snow.

C. F. Deininger, who has been holding down a position at Burnham, came home the beginning of the week.

H. Gassaway Davis Dies at 93 Years.

Henry Gassaway Davis, former United States senator from West Virginia and vice presidential candidate on the Democratic ticket in 1904, died in Washington, Saturday morning, after a brief illness, aged ninety-three years.

Rulings as to Subscriptions.

We clip from an exchange the following decisions of the United States Supreme Court in regard to newspaper subscriptions:

Subscribers who do not give express notice to the contrary are considered as wishing to renew their subscriptions.

If subscribers order a discontinuance of their periodicals the publisher may continue to send them until all dues are paid.

If the subscriber refuses to take the periodicals from the postoffice to which they are directed, he is responsible until he has settled his bill and ordered the paper discontinued.

If subscribers move to other places without informing the publisher, and the papers are sent to the former addresses, the subscriber is held responsible.

The courts have held that refusing to take periodicals from the postoffice, on removing and leaving them uncalled for is prima facia evidence of intention to defraud.

If the subscribers pay in advance they are bound to give notice at the end of the time if they wish to discontinue taking it, otherwise the publisher is authorized to send it and the subscriber will be responsible until express notice with payment of all arrearages is sent to the publisher.

THE MARKETS.

GRAIN

Corrected weekly by Bradford & Son.

Wheat	.95
Corn	.70
Oats	.35
Barley	.55
Rye	.70

PRODUCE AT STORES

Butter	.30
Eggs	.19
Lard	.09

The Centre Reporter, $1.50 a year.

For eyes to last a lifetime

All the winter day you look forward to the evening, to serving supper, to seeing the family gathered in the sitting room—father reading, the young ones getting their lessons done, you yourself sewing—all surrounded by a soft flood of light from the beaming lamp on the center table.

That same lamp is important, for upon the light it casts depends the good eyesight of your family. To avoid any possibility of eye strain and the headaches and nervousness that follow, make certain that each room—sitting room, parlor, kitchen—is lighted by **Rayo Lamps.**

And to get the very best results, fill them with **Rayolight Oil. Rayo Lamps** are mechanically perfect—*they never flicker nor smell, but they do throw a flood of soft, mellow light*—a light that is ideal for reading, sewing or playing. And the **Rayo** is a beautiful lamp—special designs for special rooms—but every **Rayo Lamp** can be easily and quickly cleaned.

Of course, **Atlantic Rayolight Oil** does best in **Rayo Lamps,** but it will improve the light of any lamp. Really the best for heating, lighting and domestic uses. *It burns without smell or smoke, and it burns economically.*

*As a result of our widely advertised request, thousands of careful housewives tell us that **Atlantic Rayolight Oil** is the very best thing they know for polishing windows and mirrors, brightening faded carpets, restoring linoleums, etc. Naturally, for this kind of work, it is important to get the very finest grade of kerosene—so be certain to ask your dealer for*

ATLANTIC **Rayolight** OIL

by name. It costs no more than the unknown, untried kind.

ATLANTIC REFINING COMPANY, PHILADELPHIA

NOTARY PUBLIC—

D. A. BOOZER, Centre Hall, Pa.

All business pertaining to the appointment promptly executed. jan16 p'd

CARUSO

World-famous Tenor, Says:

"Tuxedo completely satisfies my tobacco taste. Most important of all, from a singer's standpoint, Tuxedo does not irritate my throat."

Enrico Caruso

"Tuxedo Does Not Irritate My Throat"

That's what the world's greatest tenor says about Tuxedo. That's what *you* will say about Tuxedo after you've given this mildest and pleasantest of all tobaccos a week's trial.

Tuxedo

The Perfect Tobacco for Pipe and Cigarette

The *original* "Tuxedo Process" of refining mild Kentucky Burley, mellowed by 3 to 5 years' ageing, *positively* removes every particle of harshness and "bite".

Put Tuxedo to the *pipe test*. That will show you why, to millions of men, Tuxedo is the only "just right" smoke.

Read the guarantee in the top of every tin.

You can buy Tuxedo everywhere

Pouch 5c

Famous green tin 10c

In Tin Humidors, 40c and 80c.

In Glass Humidors, 50c and 90c.

THE AMERICAN TOBACCO COMPANY

For cold Winter weather we still have

HEAVY SWEATERS

Hose in wool and cotton; Gloves and Mittens; Underwear, Outing Night Gowns; Long and Short Kimonas.

Fancy Calicoes for quilts; cotton for quilting.

Sheeting, Pillow Tubing, and Pillow Casing.

Heavy Shirting.

Outings, Rich's Flannels.

Full Line Dress Goods.

Shoes and Rubbers.

Sunbury Bread.

This store will close every Wednesday evening at 6 o'clock.

H. F. Rossman

SPRING MILLS, PA.

Brings results—a Reporter adv.

GRIPPE! GRIPPE! GRIPPE!

Why sneeze and cough your head off. Take

Bowersox Grip and Cold Capsules

Sent upon receipt of price, 25c. Address

THE GLOBE PHARMACY

B, Franklin Bowersox,

Doctor in Pharmacy.

MILLHEIM, PA.

6.o.17

Have You Read These Books?

MR. CREWE'S CAREER

THE DOCTOR

A CERTAIN RICH MAN

STOVER at YALE

THE GARDENof ALLAH

WHITE FANG, 50c each.

Other Books for Boys and Girls.

H. A. DODSON

Centre Hall

When purchasing silverware, remember that in silver plate no name stands for higher quality or greater durability than the renowned trade mark

1847 ROGERS BROS.

Ask your dealer to show you the various exquisite patterns in which the *"Silver Plate that Wears"* can be had. The wide latitude for choice in knives, forks, spoons and fancy serving pieces assures satisfaction to every taste.

Sold by leading dealers everywhere. Send for catalogue "CL," showing all designs.

INTERNATIONAL SILVER CO.

Successor to Meriden Britannia Co.

MERIDEN, CONN.

Everyone Should Drink Hot Water in the Morning

Wash away all the stomach, liver, and bowel poisons before breakfast.

To feel your best day in and day out, to feel clean inside; no sour bile to coat your tongue and sicken your breath or dull your head; no constipation, bilious attacks, sick headache, colds, rheumatism or gassy, acid stomach you must bathe on the inside like you bathe outside. This is vastly more important, because the skin pores do not absorb impurities into the blood, while the bowel pores do, says a well-known physician.

To keep these poisons and toxins well flushed from the stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels, drink before breakfast each day, a glass of hot water with a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate in it. This will cleanse, purify and freshen the entire alimentary tract, before putting more food into the stomach.

Get a quarter pound of limestone phosphate from your druggist or at the store. It is inexpensive and almost tasteless, except a sourish tinge which is not unpleasant. Drink phosphated hot water every morning to rid your system of these vile poisons and toxins; also to prevent their formation.

To feel like young folks feel; like you felt before your blood, nerves and muscles became saturated with an accumulation of body poisons, begin this treatment and above all, keep it up! As soap and hot water act on the skin, cleansing, sweetening and purifying, so limestone phosphate and hot water before breakfast, act on the stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels.—Adv.

A mail and express auto, traversing the wilds of Colorado has a bandit-proof cage in the rear for valuable.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.*

In Use for Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

On a War Footing.

"Meyer," said the professor in the Landsturm to his next neighbor in the line, after a successful charge against the English trenches, "as a student I have rather often had to give you a pretty low mark. But as a comrade I have to grade you 1-A."

BABY'S ITCHING SKIN

Quickly Soothed and Healed by Cuticura. Trial Free.

Bathe with hot water and Cuticura Soap. If there is any irritation anoint gently with Cuticura Ointment on end of finger. Refreshing slumber for restless, fretful babies usually follows the use of these super-creamy emollients. They are a boon to tired mothers.

Free sample each by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

Taking a Short Cut.

"I'm perfectly willing to help you," said the practical philanthropist, "but you ought to try to help yourself when the occasion presents itself."

"The last time I did that it got me into a whole lot of trouble," answered the shabby visitor. "In fact, I spent some years in durance vile."

"What do you mean?"

"I helped myself to the contents of another man's cash register."

DRINK LOTS OF WATER TO FLUSH THE KIDNEYS

Eat Less Meat and Take Salts for Backache or Bladder Trouble—Neutralize Acids.

Uric acid in meat excites the kidneys, they become overworked; get sluggish, ache, and feel like lumps of lead. The urine becomes cloudy; the bladder is irritated, and you may be obliged to seek relief two or three times during the night. When the kidneys clog you must help them flush off the body's urinous waste or you'll be a real sick person shortly. At first you feel a dull misery in the kidney region, you suffer from backache, sick headache, dizziness, stomach gets sour, tongue coated and you feel rheumatic twinges when the weather is bad.

Eat less meat, drink lots of water; also get from any pharmacist four ounces of Jad Salts; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then act fine. This famous salts is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to clean clogged kidneys and stimulate them to normal activity, also to neutralize the acids in urine, so it no longer is a source of irritation, thus ending bladder weakness.

Jad Salts is inexpensive, cannot injure; makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink which everyone should take now and then to keep the kidneys clean and active. Druggists here say they sell lots of Jad Salts to folks who believe in overcoming kidney trouble while it is only trouble.—Adv.

The stage is all right; it is the public that needs elevating

SOME PREACHING SUNDAY SAYS

Many Sermons Are Given Only for Literary Effect.

561 HIT SAWDUST TRAIL

His Doctrine Spread Wide—All Classes Talking Of Notable Sermon. Governor In the Audience.

Baltimore.—Seizing the devil by the tail and swinging him about his head till the foul fiend's spine was cracked, Rev. Billy Sunday preached at the big tabernacle on the text, "Why could we not cast the devil out."

At the night services twenty thousand people were drawn to the tabernacle because it was to be the first night here for trail-hitters, and 561 hit the trail. His topic was "The Hour Has Come."

"Too much of the preaching of today is too nice, too pretty, too dainty; it does not kill," said Billy. "Too many sermons are given just for literary excellence of the production. They get a new adjective or noun, or pronoun—you cannot be saved by grammar.

"They're been crying peace, peace. There is no peace. Some people won't come to hear me because they are afraid to hear the truth. They want deodorized, disinfected sermons.

"There are many fool, short-sighted ministers who are satisfied if they can only draw a large crowd. Some are as crazy after sensation as the yellowest newspaper that ever came off the press.

"Don't tell me that you are a Christian when you love a leg show more than you do a prayer meeting.

"A preachers' meeting is no place to find out why you fail. This world is an eight-day clock which God has wound up and thrown away the key. There's a reason for everything. You don't rub a little dope on your head when you've got a headache? It would do no more good than rubbing your corns.

"God Almighty is too busy to help the boob that's trying to lift himself by his boot straps."

Some other Sundayisms were:—

You can't run an automobile with pink tea.

Think of your first finger saying to the thumb, "get off the earth you little runt."

Imagine the hairs of your head quarreling; it wouldn't be much of a fuss with some of it.

Running true to form he took a crack at his critics.

"The devil with his aides," he roared, are spreading lies right now about these meetings. They never opened their traps until they heard I was coming here."

His Sensationalism Absent.

Baltimore.—All attendance records in the history of Baltimore and in the history of Rev. Billy Sunday campaigns were broken Sunday when, to hear the three sermons delivered by the evangelist, a total of 60,000 people were accommodated beneath the roof of the great tabernacle.

Tears Off His Collar.

Sunday established two precedents at the afternoon service. In the midst of a doctrinal portion of his sermon he stopped suddenly, tore his collar from his neck, with a word of apology to his congregation, and continued speaking. At the conclusion of his sermon he pronounced a formal benediction, the first one Baltimore had heard from his lips, and the most significant reminder that he is, with all his radicalism, an ordained minister of the Presbyterian Church.

At the conclusion of each of his three sermons, Sunday wound up his closing prayer by asking all those who wished him to pray for them to raise their hands. Many responded to each invitation.

Mr. Sunday's evening sermon was on the text: "Heaven and earth shall pass away, but My Word shall not pass away," Matthew, xxiv, 35, and its title was "Nuts for Skeptics to Crack."

It was handled different from his earlier sermons, his diction was free from slang and "Sundayisms" and his gestures less eccentric.

At the outset Mr. Sunday seemed unusually nervous and spoke crisply to a number of women who had taken their own time to settle down and become quiet. Immediately afterward he announced that he would preach to men alone not only next Sunday afternoon, but that night also.

"If you prefer Darwin to God Almighty you are a blatant infidel," was one of the verbal spears Sunday hurled at the throng when he got warmed up. Then he took up seriatim some of the narrations of the Old and New Testaments and adduced evidence to prove them.

Jonah and the Whale.

For example, he defended the story of the swallowing of Jonah by the whale, so often attacked on the ground that a whale's throat is too small to admit the passage of a human being.

"There are 52 species of whales known to science," he said, "and 52 of them could swallow a human being."

Then he told of a huge fish that had been captured off the Florida coast, so huge that it could easily have swallowed a normal-sized man.

Great Men Christians.

No man disbelieved the Bible, he asserted, unless he wanted to disbelieve in purity and righteousness; and he told of the great men in all lines of endeavor since the Christian era began, who had been followers of the Master's teachings. He mentioned soldiers, scholars, artists, writers and scientists—and declared that scientists were not disbelievers as a whole despite widely disseminated information to the contrary.

He delved into archaeology and history, into geology and chemistry to prove the divinity of Christ and the absolute, literal truth of the Bible as a striking example, stating that in the museum at Cairo where were kept all the mummies of the dead pharaohs the only one missing was that of the pharoah of the Exodus, "whose body, with those of his retinue, is at the bottom of the Red Sea."

Assails Spiritualism.

He assailed spiritualism as emanating from the devil, and said that modern theatrical magicians could do all the tricks of the spiritualist, "and many more besides."

"And if we've got the sins of old Babylon," he exclaimed at the climax of one of his arguments, "we'll have visited upon us the judgment of Babylon, oh, you people of Baltimore."

"Indolent Christians" was the theme of the afternoon sermon, the text being "The people had a mind to work," Nehemiah, iv., 6. It was rather a continuation of the morning sermon, which was preached from the text: "Study to show thyself unto God a workman that needeth not to be ashamed, rightly dividing the word of truth," II Timothy, xi., 15.

Devil In the Hospital.

In the afternoon sermon Sunday laid emphasis upon the quotation: "There shall be no difficulties to him that wills," and said that if his hearers put that into practice they would "put the devil into the hospital in six months." Another thing that would help to put the devil into hospitals, he said, would be for all the men to vote the Prohibition ticket and for the ballot to be given to women.

"I'm an old-fashioned preacher of the old-time religion," he informed his congregation, then paused to take his collar off, with the parenthetical remark that it was choking him.

"I take it for granted," he added, "that you came here to hear the Gospel and not to see me on dress parade."

He took a fling at church people, said there were too many frauds among them, and urged them to get to work, not to be content to sit idly by and see unsaved folks go to hell. The Protestant churches of New York now had 50,000 fewer members than they did a year ago, he declared, and for this fact and the circumstance that Northern and Western churches were adding few members, placed the blame largely upon the influx of immigrants.

Praise For the South.

More than 50 per cent. of the men of the South, he said, were Christians; only 24 per cent. of those in the North, and only 6 per cent. of those on the Pacific Coast.

"Why is this?" he asked. "Because you'll find the pure Americans below the Mason and Dixon Line. That's why it took 30,000,000 men four years to whip 8,000,000; they had to fight pure Americans—and my dad was on the Northern side."

In the morning sermon he said he was an up-to-date preacher, preaching the twentieth century Gospel, but following old-time methods. In that sermon also he deplored the large influx of foreigners into America, "multitudes of whom will not be assimilated." He flayed Christian Science, the Unitarian Church, followers of "isms and sciams."

HOT SHOTS FROM SUNDAY'S SERMONS

About the only difference between some church social workers and footpads is the fact that the church workers don't poke a gun under your nose when they ask you to come across.

You have little chance to sing the songs of glory if you have no better claim to Heaven than the fact that your wife is going there.

A ship is all right when the ship is in the sea; a ship is all wrong when the sea is in the ship. A church is all right when the church is in the world; the church is all wrong when the world is in the church.

The trouble with the church is that she has sprung a leak.

A man who doesn't pay the church is as big a swindler as a man who doesn't pay his grocery bill. He is dead-beating his way to hell.

God wants a church that is not a showshop, not a church that is puffed up with money and culture; not the place where men sit in white vests and patent-leather shoes and spats, puffed up like poisoned pups.

Some of us don't miss the Lord until we need Him.

Keep the angels busy carrying petitions from Baltimore to God and carrying blessings from God to Baltimore.

You can never overdraw on Heaven's bank account.

The church is the means to the end, and if you think when you come into the church that that is the end God have mercy on you and the church you are in.

If you have not the spirit of God the church is merely four walls with a roof over them.

The church has more social, financial and political influence today than she has ever had before, but she has not the same spiritual power.

NO CONSCRIPTION IN CANADA

No War Tax on Land—Embargo on Shipment of Live Stock Removed.

During the prevalence of the foot-and-mouth disease in some portions of the United States, an embargo was placed upon inter-state shipments. This also had an effect upon shipments to Canada, and necessarily an embargo was placed upon them, making it almost impossible for upwards of a year to ship cattle into Canada, from the United States. This was especially hard on the settler. As a result, Western Canada lost a number of settlers, they being unable to take their live stock with them. Canada is practically free from horse and cattle diseases, and the wish of the authorities is to keep it so.

Recently, though, an order has been issued by the Department of Agriculture, removing the embargo, and settlers are now free to take in the number of head of horses or cattle that are permitted by the Customs authorities and the freight regulations. This will be welcome news to those whose intention it is to move to Canada, taking with them stock that they have had in their possession for six months, and, which it is the intention to use on land that they will farm in the Provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta.

There are thousands of splendid homesteads of 160 acres each in any of these provinces, that may be had upon the payment of a ten-dollar entry fee and fulfilling the requisite living and cultivation duties. These lands are well adapted to the growing of all the small grains, and besides, having an abundance of grass, and sufficient shelter, they are well adapted to the raising of stock.

If one prepares to purchase land, there could be no better time than the present. Prices are low, and particulars may be had from any of the land companies, of which there are several, or from the Canadian Pacific and Canadian Northern railways, whose holdings are in the older settled districts, and whose terms are exceedingly easy to the settler. What these lands will do in the matter of production cannot be more strongly emphasized than in reading the reports of the crops throughout all parts of the Canadian West in 1915. Yields of 50, 60, and as high as 70 bushels of wheat to the acre were numerous, while reports of yields of from 30 to 45 bushels per acre were common. Oats as high as 130 bushels per acre are reported, 50 and 60 bushels per acre being ordinary. The prices realized by farmers have placed most of them on "easy street."

Lately there have appeared articles in a number of United States newspapers to the effect that there was conscription in Canada, or that such a law was likely to be put into effect. We have it from the highest authority in the Dominion that there is no truth in the statement. Sir Robert Borden at the opening of Canadian parliament on January 17th, said:

"In the first few months of the war I clearly stated that there would not be conscription in Canada. I repeat that statement today."

This statement should set at rest the conscription talk that has been so freely used to influence those who may be considering settling in Canada during the war.

It has also been said that there was a war tax on land. Hon. Dr. Rocha, Minister of the Interior, over his own signature has denied this, and the premiers of the different provinces join in saying "such a report is absolutely untrue, and has no foundation whatever in fact, nor is there likely ever to be any such tax upon land in Canada."

The general prosperity of Western Canada farmers and business institutions is such that Canada is well able to take care of the extra war expenses without any direct war taxation. This has been well illustrated by the magnificent response to the Dominion Government's recent bond issue, which was more than doubly subscribed for within the first eight hours of its being offered to the public.

(The above appears as an advertisement and is paid for by the Dominion Government which authorizes its publication.)

Just Before the Battle.

Her Husband—Do you know, dear, that I found my first gray hair this morning?

His Wife—Oh, give it to me, John, and I'll keep it as a souvenir to remember you by.

Her Husband—What's the matter with me keeping it to remember you by?

His Wife—Wretch! I've a good mind to go home to my mother—

Her Husband—Huh! No such luck.

NEVER HAD A CHILL
After Taking ELIXIR BABEK

"My little daughter, 10 years old, suffered nearly a year with chills and fever, most of the time under the doctor's care. I was discouraged and a friend advised me to try **Elixir Babek.** I gave it to her and she has never had a chill since. It completely cured her." Mrs. Cyrus Helms, 302 E St., N. E., Washington, D. C.

Elixir Babek 50 cents, all druggists or by Parcels Post prepaid from Kloczewski & Co., Washington, D. C.

A patent has been granted for an egg substitute made chiefly from thoroughly cooked yams.

The older the man, the longer he looks at a paper before signing it.

THE MARKETS

NEW YORK.—Wheat—No. 2 hard, $1.25¼; No. 1 Durum, $1.30¼; No. 1 Northern Duluth, $1.32¾, and No. 1 Northern Manitoba, $1.43 f o b New York.

Corn—Spot, steady; No. 2 yellow, $82½@82¾c c i f New York.

Butter—Creamery, extra (92 score), 36@36½c; creamery (higher scoring), 37@37½c; firsts, 34@35½c; seconds, 31@33½c.

Eggs—Fresh-gathered, extras, 28½@29c; extra firsts, 27½@28c; firsts, 27c; seconds, 26@26½c; nearby hennery whites, fine to fancy, 33@34c; nearby hennery browns, 29@30c.

Live Poultry—No prices settled, but sellers talking 16@17c for chickens, 17½@18c for fowls, and 20@25c for turkeys.

PHILADELPHIA.—Wheat—Car lots, in export, No. 2 red, Western, $1.19½@1.20½; No. 2 red, spot and March, $1.16@1.18; No. 2 Southern red, $1.15@1.16; steamer, No. 2 red, $1.13@1.15; do do, No. 3 red, $1.13@1.15; rejected A, $1.10½@1.12½; do do, rejected B, $1.09@1.11.

Corn—Car lots, for local trade, as to location, old, No. 2 yellow, 79½@80½c; do do, old, steamer, yellow, 78@79c; do do, No. 3 yellow, 74@75c; do do, No. 4 yellow, 72@73c; do do, sample, yellow, 65½@68½c.

Oats—No. 2 white, 52@52½c; standard white, 50@50½c; No. 3 white, 48½@49½c; No. 4 white, 46½@47½c; sample, 44½@45½c; purified oats, graded, 49½@50½c.

Butter—Western, solid-packed creamery, fancy, specials, 29c; extras, 37c; extra firsts, 35@36c; firsts, 33@34c; seconds, 29@32c; thirds, 27@28c; nearby prints, fancy, 40c; average extra, 38@39c; do do, firsts, 34@36c; do do, seconds, 30@32c; jobbing sales of fancy prints, 43@46c.

Eggs—Nearby extras, 30c per doz; nearby firsts, $8.25 per standard case; do do, nearby current receipts, $8.10 per case; do do, Western, extra firsts, $8.25 per case; do do, firsts, $8.10 per case; Southern, per case, $6.90@8.10; fancy, selected, candled, jobbing at 32@34c per dozen.

Live Poultry—Fowls, 17@18c; roosters, 12@13c; spring chickens, softmeated, 19@20c; do do, staggy, 14@15c; ducks, as to size and quality, 18@20c; geese, 17@19c; turkeys, 20@22c; pigeons, old, per pair, 28@30c; do do, young, per pair, 20@22c.

Cheese—New York, full cream, fancy, held, 18½@18¾c; specials, higher; do, do, fair to good, held, 17¾@18¼c; do do, part skims, 11@16c.

BALTIMORE.—Wheat—No. 2 red spot and March, 116¼; No. 2 red Western spot and March, 119¾.

Corn—Spot and March, 77⅛; April, 77½.

Oats—Standard white, 49@49½c; No. 3 white, 47; No. 4 white, 44@44½.

Rye—No. 2 rye, Western, 97@98c; No. 3, do, 93@94; No. 4, do, $92@93; bag lots nearby, as to quality, 90@95.

Hay—No. 1 timothy, $22; No. 2, do, $21@21.50; No. 3, do, $17@19; light clover mixed, $20@20.50; No. 1, do, $19.50; No. 2, do, $16@18; choice clover, nominal, $16.50@17; No. 1, do, $15.50@16; No. 2, do, $11@13; No. 3, do, $9@10.50; sample hay, as to kind, quality and condition, $10@13; no grade hay, $6@10.

Butter—Creamery, fancy, 36@36½; do, choice, 35@36; do, good, 33@33½; do, prints, 36@37½; do, black, 35@36½; ladles, 22@23; Maryland and Pennsylvania rolls, 21@22; Ohio rolls, 20½@21; West Virginia rolls, 20½@21; storepacked, 21; Maryland, Virginia and Pennsylvania dairy prints, 21@22.

Eggs—Maryland, Pennsylvania and nearby firsts, 24c; Western firsts, 24; West Virginia firsts, 24; Southern firsts, 23; duck eggs, 30.

Live Poultry—Chickens—Old hens, 4 lbs and over, 17c; do, do, small to medium, 17; old roosters, 11; winter, 2 lbs and under, 22@24; young, large, smooth, fat, 20@21; do, poor, rough and staggy, 15@16. Ducks—Young Pekings, 3 lbs and over, 15@20c; do, puddle, do, do, 19@20; do, Muscovy, do, do, 17@18; do, smaller, 16@17. Geese—Nearby, 15@16c; Western and Southern, 13@14. Turkeys—Hens, 26@27c; young, gobblers, 24@25; old toms, 20@21; poor and crooked breast, 15@16. Pigeons—Young, per pair, 25@30c; old, do, 25@30. Guinea Fowl—Young, 1½ lbs and over, each, 75c; do, smaller, 55@65; old, do, 40.

Dressed Hogs—Choice lightweights, 10c; do, medium weights, 9@9½; do, heavyweights, 8½@9; boars and rough stock, 7.

Live Stock

CHICAGO.—Hogs—Bulk, $8.85@9.05; light, $8.60@9; mixed, $8.75@9.10; heavy, $8.60@9.10; rough, $8.60@8.75; pigs, $7.25@8.30.

Sheep—Wethers, $7.90@8.60; ewes, $5.65@8.30; lambs, $9.25@11.35.

Cattle—Native beef steers, $7.25@9.70; stockers and feeders, $5.75@7.85; cows and heifers, $3.45@8.45; calves, $8.25@11.25.

ST. LOUIS, MO.—Hogs, pigs and lights, $6.25@8.95; mixed and butchers', $8.80@9; good, heavy, $8.95@9.05.

Cattle—Native beef steers, $7.50@9.50; yearling steers and heifers, $8.50@9.50; cows, $5@7.25; stockers and feeders, $5.50@7.75; Texas and Indian steers, $5.25@8; cows and heifers, $4@6; native calves $6@11.25.

"CASCARETS" FOR SLUGGISH BOWELS

No sick headache, sour stomach, biliousness or constipation by morning.

Get a 10-cent box now.

Turn the rascals out—the headache, biliousness, indigestion, the sick, sour stomach and foul gases—turn them out to-night and keep them out with Cascarets.

Millions of men and women take a Cascaret now and then and never know the misery caused by a lazy liver, clogged bowels or an upset stomach.

Don't put in another day of distress. Let Cascarets cleanse your stomach; remove the sour, fermenting food; take the excess bile from your liver and carry out all the constipated waste matter and poison in the bowels. Then you will feel great.

A Cascaret to-night straightens you out by morning. They work while you sleep. A 10-cent box from any drug store means a clear head, sweet stomach and clean, healthy liver and bowel action for months. Children love Cascarets because they never gripe or sicken. Adv.

The Other Groundhog.

Knicker—What were you wondering?

Bocker—Whether the pork barrel saw its shadow.

SWAMP-ROOT FOR KIDNEY DISEASES

There is only one medicine that really stands out pre-eminent as a remedy for diseases of the kidneys, liver and bladder.

Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root stands the highest for the reason that it has proven to be just the remedy needed in thousands upon thousands of even the most distressing cases. Swamp-Root, a physician's prescription for special diseases, makes friends quickly because its mild and immediate effect is soon realized in most cases. It is a gentle, healing vegetable compound.

Start treatment at once. Sold at all drug stores in bottles of two sizes—fifty cents and one dollar.

However, if you wish first to test this great preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention this paper.—Adv.

Calm Slowbetter.

Slowbetter is a calm man, not easily upset. On one occasion as his motor car had come to a sudden stop he crawled underneath it to see what was the matter.

Somehow or other some petrol ignited. A fierce burst of flame and smoke came forth, enveloping Slowbetter. In the midst of the excitement he walked to one side with his usual slow and regular step. His face was black, his eyebrows and eyelashes were singed, and what was left of his hair and beard was a sight to behold.

Someone brought a mirror, and he had a look at himself. As usual, however, he took matters philosophically.

"Well," he said, slowly and deliberately, "I was needing a shave and my hair cut, anyway."

One on Grandmother.

Bobby (to grandmother)—Grandma, have you ever seen an engine wagging its ears?

Grandma—No, nonsense, Bobby, I never heard of an engine having any ears.

Bobby—Why, haven't you ever heard of engineers?

Defined.

"Say, pa, what's a bungalow?"

"Well, a bungalow is a parody on a house."

Snores.

"I sleep like a log."

"With the saw going through it?"—Boston Evening Transcript.

When a young rooster gets a comb he reaches the height of his ambition.

STOPPED SHORT
Taking Tonics, and Built up on Right Food.

The mistake is frequently made of trying to build up a worn-out nervous system on so-called tonics.

New material from which to rebuild used up tissue cells is what should be supplied, and this can be obtained only from proper food.

"I found myself on the verge of a nervous collapse, due to overwork and study, and to illness in the family," writes a Wisconsin woman.

"My friends became alarmed because I grew pale and thin and could not sleep nights. I took various tonics, but their effects wore off shortly after I stopped taking them. My food did not seem to nourish me.

"Reading of Grape-Nuts, I determined to stop the tonics and see what a change of diet would do. I ate Grape-Nuts four times a day with cream, and drank milk also, went to bed early after eating a dish of Grape-Nuts.

"In about two weeks I was sleeping soundly. In a short time I gained weight and felt like a different woman. Grape-Nuts and fresh air were the only agents used to accomplish the happy results." "There's a Reason." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

Colds Make Backs Ache

MORE aching backs, more kidney troubles come in March, than in any other month. Slushy sidewalks, dampness, raw winds and sudden changes cause chills and colds. And chills or colds tend to hurt the kidneys. It is good sense to use a kidney remedy when recovering from a cold and at any time when suffering from a lame back, sharp pains when stooping or lifting, dizzy spells, irregular or annoying kidney action, and a run-down, nervous state.

Don't delay and take a chance of getting dropsy, gravel, Bright's disease or some other serious kidney disease. Use Doan's Kidney Pills, the best-recommended, special kidney remedy. All over the world grateful people frankly praise Doan's.

Here's What Virginia People Say:

Reed S. Black, 131 Wine St., Hampton, Va., says: "Doan's Kidney Pills have certainly benefited me. I have taken them different times when I have felt weakness and pain across my back and they have never failed to give me quick relief. After taking cold, my kidneys are apt to become disordered but I can depend on Doan's Kidney Pills to fix me up in good shape."

Mrs. Minnie E. Posey, 125 Duke St., Alexandria, Va., says: "Grip left my kidneys in bad shape and my back ached intensely. I felt tired and languid all the time and was sometimes so dizzy I could hardly get around. Doan's Kidney Pills brought me relief as soon as I used them and since taking two boxes my back hasn't ached and my health has been good."

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

At All Stores, 50c a Box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

When a man sneers at a woman's business ability he makes a noise like sour grapes.

GETS AT THE JOINTS FROM THE INSIDE.

RHEUMACIDE

The Old Reliable Remedy for acute, chronic or muscular

RHEUMATISM

Rheumatic Gout or Lumbago

RHEUMACIDE is not a preparation that gives only temporary relief, but it is designed to remove the cause and drives the poison from the system.

At All Druggists

Why not do something for your Corns, Callouses, Bunions, and Aching, Tired, Tender, Sweaty, Swollen

FEET

A hot foot bath with

JOHNSON'S FOOT SOAP

will relieve them at once and make you walk with ease. The safe and sure remedy composed of Jhe cold and rehable ingredients—Borax (dime, and Bran. 25c per cake at first class druggists or sent prepaid on receipt of the price by the manufacturers. THOMAS GIL SOAP CO, 711-717 Bent Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

NURSERY STOCK!!!

All kinds of fruit, ornamental and shade trees, berry bushes, flowering shrubs and plants. Write us for prices wholesale and retail. Catalogue free. Do not order until you see our prices. FRANKLIN DAVIS NURSERY CO., Wm. F. Stone, Trustee, Baltimore, Md.

The Bride's Book

A Useful Booklet for Every Girl

Some of the topics treated are: "Care of Health," "Preparation," "The Hope Chest," "Trousseau," "Wedding Superstitions," etc. Price 25c prepaid. Address KEYSTONE DISTRIBUTORS, Box 227, Altoona, Pa.

WANTED Expert reporter desires few pupils, becomes first-class shorthand writers under direction. Best system known, soon learned, low cost, plenty good positions at high salaries. Write Box 3 College Point, N. Y.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Patent Lawyer, Washington, D.C. Advice and books free. Highest references. Best services.

W. N. U., BALTIMORE, NO. 12-1916.

Fashions Set by Soldiers.

Alexander the Great is said to be responsible for men shaving their faces, the Baltimore Sun observes. When his phalanx swept into Asia the beards of his soldiers were found to be a source of danger to themselves. In hand to hand encounters with the enemy the latter were found to possess too great an advantage in being able to grasp the beard. As a matter of military necessity Alexander ordered all his fighting men to shave. Today in the trenches of Europe soldiers are permitting their beards to grow as a protection against cold—again a necessity of war—and doubtless the wearing of beards will be very generally revived in consequence.

FRECKLES

Now Is the Time to Get Rid of These Ugly Spots.

There's no longer the slightest need of feeling ashamed of your freckles, as the prescription othine—double strength—is guaranteed to remove these homely spots.

Simply get an ounce of othine—double strength—from your druggist, and apply a little of it night and morning and you should soon see that even the worst freckles have begun to disappear, while the lighter ones have vanished entirely. It is seldom that more than one ounce is needed to completely clear the skin and gain a beautiful clear complexion.

Be sure to ask for the double strength othine, as this is sold under guarantee of money back if it fails to remove freckles.—Adv.

Table Wit.

"I can't reach the sausage."

"Whistle to it," suggested the humorous boarder.

Not Suited.

"Can you play this song 'The Trailing Vine?'"

"Not on an upright piano."

Throw Off Colds and Prevent Grip.

When you feel a cold coming on, take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. It removes cause of Colds and Grip. Only One "BROMO QUININE." E. W. GROVE'S signature on box. 25c.

Longsighted.

"Has he a sense of fairness?"

"Goodness, yes! He can tell them a block away."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are the original little liver pills put up 40 years ago. They regulate liver and bowels.—Adv.

A girl loses her self-possession when she puts on a wedding ring.

Three Hundred Million Bushel Crop in 1915

Farmers pay for their land with one year's crop and prosperity was never so great.

Regarding Western Canada as a grain producer, a prominent business man says: "Canada's position today is sounder than ever. There is more wheat, more oats, more grain for feed, 20% more cattle than last year and more hogs. The war market in Europe needs our surplus. As for the wheat crop, it is marvelous and a monument of strength for business confidence to build upon, exceeding the most optimistic predictions."

Wheat averaged in 1915 over 25 bushels per acre
Oats averaged in 1915 over 45 bushels per acre
Barley averaged in 1915 over 40 bushels per acre

Prices are high, markets convenient, excellent land, low in price either improved or otherwise, ranging from $12 to $30 per acre. Free homestead lands are plentiful and not far from railway lines and convenient to good schools and churches. The climate is healthful.

There is no war tax on land, nor is there any conscription. For complete information as to best locations for settlement, reduced railroad rates and descriptive illustrated pamphlet, address Superintendent Immigration, Ottawa, or

J. P. JAFFRAY, Cor. Walnut and Broad Sts., Philadelphia, Pa.

Canadian Government Agent

DOUBTS ABOUT NAVY

OPINIONS DIFFER AS TO THE TYPE OF VESSELS THAT IS MOST NEEDED

WAR'S LESSONS UNCERTAIN

Battle Cruisers Are Strongly Urged by Some Naval Experts and Congressmen—Comparative Values of Dreadnaughts and Submarines in Debate.

By GEORGE CLINTON.

Washington.—One of the difficulties confronting congress in framing preparedness legislation lies in the difference of opinion as to what type of vessels shall be built in order that the best naval protective service may be secured for the country.

It may be that the ship building program will be attacked not because it is too ambitious, but because the vessels provided for do not meet, as some senators, representative and navy men view it, the requirements of the case. It is held that the present war has not produced conclusive proof that one type of ship must be done away with and another type substituted. Some of the navy men urge, and some congressmen hold the same view, that the battle cruiser is an imperative necessity, but while this is so, they say, it is not necessary to supplant other classes of ships.

The battle cruiser is a fast steaming, fighting ship. It is the peer of the battleship in armament and in offensive strength, and it can outstrip any battleship afloat.

Dreadnaughts Versus Submarines.

In the senate there is a controversy over the comparative values of dreadnaughts and submarines. Most of the members of the senate committee on naval affairs seem to think that big battleships are more necessary than ever, while the belief is that the chairman of the committee thinks submarines have made the lives of battleships precarious and that therefore chief attention should be paid to the construction for the American navy of plenty of under-the-sea boats.

All these differences of opinion must be threshed out and the chances are that in the final outcome it will be found that the judgment of the majority of the naval experts has been taken. It is a fact, however, that the naval students of the present warfare abroad are at variance in their views as to just what kinds of ships will be best adapted to meet conditions of the future.

A difference of opinion some years old has been renewed because of the result of the first fight between the Germans in southern waters and the English ship Good Hope and the smaller vessels which were with it. The Germans sank the Good Hope and either destroyed or drove away the smaller ships. American naval experts say that it is now known definitely that the Good Hope was unable to use its heavier guns effectively because a high sea was running and the bounding ship made accuracy of fire impossible.

Fighting in Heavy Seas.

Eight years ago an article was written by a naval expert in which he said that under certain conditions of weather some of our ships would be useless in a fight. He singled out one of our cruisers and said that if it were compelled to engage in battle while anything more than a moderate sea was running it could not use its big guns. The argument was that the vessels of this type were built along wrong lines. It is hinted today that in the American navy there are several ships which would meet the fate of the Good Hope if they were compelled to fight while a high sea was running, and, of course, if their antagonists were more stable than they in rough water.

It seems likely that the question of stability of certain types of ships in all kinds of weather will enter into the debates in congress.

Conditions in British Army.

Within a day or two in Washington there have been issued as an "article of information" some facts concerning the condition of the British forces of all kinds at the outbreak of the present war. Unquestionably the object of this article is to help the propaganda for an increased regular force in this country as opposed to a plan which would place main dependence upon bodies of partially trained men like the militia and continental army of reserves. The article, however, has much interest as showing actually the conditions which existed in the ranks of the English territorials and the forces known as the special reserves at the time of the outbreak of the war.

When your correspondent was in England some months ago he had an opportunity to visit the training camps. He saw enough to know that England, even when the war had been in progress for more than half a year, was largely in the same condition with regard to trained soldiers that the United States is today. He noted the sharp differences between the men of the British regular army, of the territorials and of the special reserves.

There was also in England a force known as the army reserve. This army reserve, as the article just given out in Washington and written by Frederick Scott Oliver shows, was composed of fully trained fighting soldiers. Now the British army reserve has in its ranks men who had served in the regular army and who after their terms of enlistment had expired had gone into the reserve organization.

The situation in Great Britain therefore at the outbreak of the present war was just such as it is held it would be in the United States if instead of increasing the regular army until it became a fighting force adequate to any occasion, the main dependence should be placed on National Guardsmen and some kind of a continental army of volunteers.

Territorials Versus Reserves.

The territorials in England correspond to our militia. Your correspondent saw some of these territorials in the training camps. It was supposed that they had learned a good deal about military matters generally and drill and discipline in particular. It is perfectly true that these men knew how to wheel by fours, by platoons, knew guard mount and skirmish drill after a fashion, and knew about some other things military, but they were a long ways from being in condition to stand up against the enemy in Flanders.

As for the men of the army reserve they were ready after a few weeks in camp to go against any proposition that any enemy might offer. These were the men who had seen service in the regular army and who had gone into the reserve on the expiration of their enlistments.

The special reserve of the British army, as Mr. Oliver says, "was no reserve like the first, for it was wholly unfit to take the field upon the outbreak of hostilities." This special reserve was supposed to be well trained and in fact laws had been passed which it was thought would keep the reserve in good shape and ready for emergencies. The trouble was that the laws and regulations had not been enforced and the result was that a force that was depended upon to be ready was far from ready.

The National City Troop.

There are forty Washington newspaper men who are so thoroughly committed to preparedness and to the military service of their country that in case of war every one of them would be morally bound to desert his newspaper work and to report to the war department for duty.

Under the title "National City Troop" the newspaper men have been in training since last autumn. The commanding officer of the outfit is Lieut. H. M. Groninger of the Fifth United States cavalry. The newspaper men report for drill at least once a week, and frequently oftener, at Fort Myer, Va., which is just across the Potomac from Washington.

One of the members of the organization has written the story of its inception, its work and its purposes. It is presented herewith.

"The troop was organized in September, 1915, upon the initiative of the newspaper men themselves, and a committee appealed to Secretary of War Garrison to see what assistance he could give. Secretary Garrison was quick to take advantage of the offer of the correspondents, and it was largely through his personal interest that matters were arranged satisfactorily. Every facility has been thrown open to the troops, and while there has been very little advertising of its existence, those in Washington who are close in touch with army affairs are familiar with what is going on and are watching the experiment with interest. Maj. Gen. Hugh Scott, chief of staff and now acting secretary of war, has personally inspected the troop in its mounted work.

"For the three months ending in December, 1915, the work of the troop included fifteen hours' dismounted drill and about six hours' pistol target practice, five hours' rifle target practice, two hours' saber drill, four hours' equitation and one-half an hour lecture. Beginning with January 1, 1916, the work was materially increased. The troop reports for duty at Fort Myer at 9:30 on Sunday morning and is dismissed between twelve and one o'clock. This period is devoted to riding, either in the drill hall or out of doors, to gymnasium work and to dismounted drill. On Wednesday evening the troop reports at seven o'clock at an armory in Washington, where it goes through dismounted drill for one hour, followed by an hour and a half or two hours of classroom work in which the elements of map making, strategy and military science are taught.

Most of Them Raw Recruits.

"Some of the members of this troop have had experience in militia organizations, and some have had the rudiments of military education in preparatory schools or in colleges, but the majority are absolutely raw recruits who have to be told how to stand up straight, how to make a 'right face,' how to salute, not to say how to execute the manual of arms, find and keep their places in drill formation, aim a rifle, mount a horse and ride at a walk without falling off.

"Some half dozen of this troop are beyond the age of active military service, but these men figure out that in case of war they would have a smattering of military knowledge sufficient to make them available for use, perhaps in training the recruits, perhaps in duty at the war department, or in one of the military arms of the service.

"Most of the men are between the ages of twenty-five and thirty-five and it is planned that when their course of two years shall be completed they will take examinations for commissioned officers to be called upon by the war department in case of necessity. Up to the present time it is interesting and significant to note that this troop has not had a single purely social meeting. The men are all hard-working and busy citizens throughout the week."

The British government pays Queen Alexandria an annuity of $350,000.

Alabastine
Mix in One Minute with Cold Water—Ready to Apply Immediately
Sanitary Beautiful Permanent Economical
Let us tell you of the wonderful economy, simplicity and effectiveness of the Alabastine way of interior decoration.
The Alabastine way is simple in the extreme—You buy the Alabastine in the colors and quantities you require—it is mixed with cold water in a pail according to the directions on the package.
There is no boiling water required; no glue to be added no unnecessary time.
You can secure shades and tints that are individual with the Alabastine way by combining tints to produce a new shade. You need not use certain fixed colors unless you want to; and you can have an artistic color scheme on your walls entirely your own.
Alabastine
The Beautiful Wall Tint.
What Alabastine Is
Alabastine is a clean, dry, sanitary, fine textured powder—ground to impalpable fineness—the colors and tints added—and then it is put up in packages.
Made and Used for 35 Years
Alabastine has been used by hundreds of thousands of painters and decorators—by housekeepers and house-owners for thirty-five years with unqualified success.
Special Stencil Offer—Ordinarily stencils for border designs cost you from 50c to $1.00 each. Our free book tells you how you can get the stencils you wish practically free of charge. Our color scheme cards suggest colors that harmonize for your rooms. Write for them today. Address
THE ALABASTINE COMPANY
383 Granville Road
Grand Rapids, Mich.
Important to Alabastine Purchasers
We put a red cross and a red circle on each package of Alabastine just so it would be easy for you to identify Alabastine when you ask for and pay for it. It's your protection. Will you look for the red cross and red circle on the Alabastine you buy?
Alabastine is sold by most druggists, hardware dealers and paint stores everywhere.
The only Tool Needed to Apply

Not Sure of the Way.

"Lucile, what are you going to make?"

"Some biscuit."

"But why have you brought out the fashion plates as well as the cook-book?"

"Well, I'm a little green at this. Do you make biscuit from a recipe or a pattern?"

IS CHILD CROSS, FEVERISH, SICK

Look, Mother! If tongue is coated, give "California Syrup of Figs."

Children love this "fruit laxative," and nothing else cleanses the tender stomach, liver and bowels so nicely.

A child simply will not stop playing to empty the bowels, and the result is they become tightly clogged with waste, liver gets sluggish, stomach sours, then your little one becomes cross, half-sick, feverish, don't eat, sleep or act naturally, breath is bad, system full of cold, has sore throat, stomach-ache or diarrhoea. Listen, Mother! See if tongue is coated, then give a teaspoonful of "California Syrup of Figs," and in a few hours all the constipated waste, sour bile and undigested food passes out of the system, and you have a well child again.

Millions of mothers give "California Syrup of Figs" because it is perfectly harmless; children love it, and it never fails to act on the stomach, liver and bowels.

Ask at the store for a 50-cent bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has full directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly printed on the bottle. Adv.

Paradoxical.

"I like that man Jobbles."

"Why?"

"He's straightforward."

"That's queer. Everybody says he's a crab."

USE ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE

The antiseptic powder to be shaken into shoes and used in foot-bath. It relieves painful, swollen, smarting, aching, tired feet and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. The greatest comfort discovery of the age. Sold everywhere, 25c. Trial package FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y. Adv.

Then Why?

"Will you marry me, Ethel? My family is all one could wish for—"

"Then why do you want me?"

Not Gray Hairs but Tired Eyes

make us look older than we are. Keep your Eyes young and you will look young. After the Movies Murine Your Eyes. Don't tell your age. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago, Sends Eye Book on request.

The leading daily newspapers in London number 25.

For Rheumatic Pains

Yager's Liniment, the great external remedy for rheumatism, neuralgia, sprains, bruises or congestion, gives prompt relief from pain.

YAGER'S LINIMENT

Mr. John Aberman, Claremont Mills, Md., writes:
"For four years I suffered with rheumatism and had to walk on crutches. The doctor said my case was chronic and incurable but I tried Yager's Liniment with satisfactory results. It is the best liniment to relieve pain that I ever used. Its action is prompt and effective."

Put up in large bottles containing eight ounces.

Sold by all dealers. 25c a bottle.

Prepared by GILBERT BROS. & CO. Inc. Baltimore, Md.

No Common Cur.

Wife (angrily)—You're a perfect brute.

Hub (calmly)—Thanks, my dear, for putting me in the thoroughbred class, anyway.

Belligerent.

"Hard to get along with, isn't he?"

"Oh, yes. He is as quarrelsome as a pacifist."

German shippers have never exported 27,562,361 pounds of black and the long sea voyages to the toll charges.

It has been estimated by a Yale scientist that a particle of radium will remain active about 1,650 years.

To cure costiveness the medicine must be more than a purgative; it must contain tonic, alterative and cathartic properties.

Tutt's Pills

possess these qualities, and speedily restore to the bowels their natural peristaltic motion, so essential to regularity.

Clean the Blood

Spring is the time of the year when we should put our house in order. We're run down after a hard winter—after grip, colds, catarrh. It's time to take Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, purely vegetable and free from alcohol or narcotics. It will search out impure and poisonous matter and drive it from the system. Buy "Discovery" now in tablets or liquid.

It will dissolve the poisonous accumulations and replace the bad blood it drives out, with rich, pure blood full of vital force.

It will clear the skin; eczema, pimples, rash, blotches will dry up and disappear; boils, carbuncles and other evidences of tainted blood will pass away, never to appear again.

A NEW DISCOVERY

"Anuric" is a recent discovery of Doctor Pierce, who is head of the Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y. Experiments at Dr. Pierce's Hospital for several years proved that "Anuric" is a wonderful eliminator of uric acid. For those easily recognized symptoms of inflammation—as backache, scalding urine and frequent urination, as well as sediment in the urine, or if uric acid in the blood has caused rheumatism, it is simply wonderful how surely "Anuric" acts; and in gravel and gout, invariably the pains and stiffness rapidly disappear.

Go to your nearest drug store and simply ask for a 50-cent package of "Anuric," or send Dr. Pierce 10c for trial pkg.

THE CENTRE REPORTER.

THURSDAY, MARCH 16, 1916

PENN HALL

Quite a number of our people attended Isaac Walker's sale, Saturday.

Mrs. A. M. Kreamer visited her sister, Mrs. Peter Auman, at Spring Mills, one day last week.

William Sinkabine and Frank Musser attended the Isaac Orndorf sale at Woodward, Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Fisher visited friends and relatives at Sunbury a few days last week.

Mrs. Jerry Albright and Miss Lola Ulrich attended a quilting at the home of Mrs. J. S. Meyer, Wednesday.

Mrs. Christie Musser and son Robert visited at the home of Mrs. Harry Ulrich, at Spring Mills, one day last week.

Mrs. Susan Burrell and sons, Charles and Matthew, from Millheim, took supper at the home of the former's sister, Mrs. Allen Kreamer, Sunday.

Mrs. Sarah Hartman came home Sunday after spending some time with her sister, Mrs. Harvey Hagen, at Farmers Mills.

The girls and boys of this place held a party at the home of W. A. Carson Friday night; the evening was spent in dancing.

The people of this place are busy repairing the town hall to have it more suitable for the boys and girls to hold their entertainments.

It is surprising how some of our girls run when they think they see a man. They forgot this is leap year and ran away from the supposed man. Girls, girls, that sure is a joke.

Potters Mills

John Miller spent a day in Bellefonte.

John McNitt, of Milroy, spent a day at this place.

George Boal visited his mother, at Colyer. She has not been in good health lately.

Mrs. F. A. Carson and Mrs. George McCormick are on the sick list at this writing.

Mrs. Elmer Stump of Bellefonte, is spending a week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Wagner.

Roy Smith spent Sunday with his parents. He is employed in the munition plant at Burnham.

Mrs. Tom Henney returned to her home in Latrobe after spending five weeks helping take care of her mother, Mrs. Hartman.

A sled load of young folks at this place enjoyed Thursday evening at Tusseyville at the home of William Bitner.

BEAVER DAM.

Thomas Miller spent Sunday at Millheim.

Grandfather Immel, who was housed up all winter, is able to be out again.

W. H. Bressler had a sick horse suffering from azoturia last week.

Miss Margaret Bailey is home from State College, visiting her mother.

Mr. and Mrs. William Lingle made a trip to Tusseyville one day last week.

Prayer meeting was well attended at the A. C. Confer home on Sunday evening.

Arch Confer, who is employed at Lock Haven, is spending a few days under the parental roof.

On Saturday word was received of the death of John Zerby, at Youngstown, Ohio. The body arrived at Spring Mills on Tuesday morning for burial in the Salem cemetery.

Those who spent Sunday at the William Bressler home were: Mr. and Mrs. William Harter and daughters, Iva and Violet, of Coburn; Miss Helen Zettle and Arch Confer.

FRUITTOWN.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Bitner spent a few days last week in Milroy.

C. S. Bodtorf spent all of last week in Bellefonte as a juryman.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Fohringer and daughter Sara spent Sunday at the Edward Horner home at Linden Hall.

Mrs. Wagner and son returned to their home in Lewistown after a few weeks visit at the Dippery home.

Mrs. Arthur Cummings and their boys, of Rebersburg, are spending a few days at the former's home at this place.

Mrs. Emma Fohringer and daughter, Anna, returned to State College last week after a week's visit at this place.

Those who spent Saturday evening at the Henry Moyer home were: Mrs. Cummings and three sons, Mr. and Mrs. Dasbem and son, Mr. and Mrs. E. T. Jordan and children, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Brown and two daughters, and Miss Dou'y.

Georges Valley

S. E. Gobble and family spent Sunday with Mrs. Gobble's parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Confer.

John Hough returned to his home in Brush Valley on Saturday after spending a week with his brother, H. A. Hough.

Last Thursday H. A. Hough moved into his home which he purchased from C. W. Lingle and Mr. Lingle moved into the house vacated by Mr. Hough.

D. W. Bradford, the DeLaval cream separator man, has an advertisement in this issue of interest to farmers.

Aaronsburg.

Mr. and Mrs. David Vonada, from Centre Oak, spent Saturday with their son, Boyd.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Guisewite were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. George Weaver, for a day.

Aaron Thomas of Centre Hall paid his brother, who is still under the doctor's care, a few days visit.

Saturday George Stahl and sister, Miss May E. Stahl, will leave for Milton to remain for an indefinite time.

Durbin Musser and family, from Pine Creek, were welcome guests of the former's mother, Mrs. Amanda Musser.

Mrs. Alice Stover entertained at dinner on Friday her sons, George and Brady, and the latter's wife.

Many people are busy getting ready to move on the first of April; some have moved already.

The Misses Lydia and Sadie Harter visited their friend, Miss Lizzie Keer, of Millheim, on Saturday.

Ex-sheriff J. P. Condo, of York, spent a few days in town last week, visiting with friends and relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Ulrich are rejoicing over the arrival of a baby boy which the Stork delivered during all the storm.

Mary and Esther Bradford spent Sunday with their sister, Mrs. Ray Stover, at Wolfs Store. Baby Malvin was the attraction while there.

Hear about our skunk trappers: Adam Sheesley and son Paul, 18; Eugene Stover and brother Victor, 14; Ray Stover, 12.

Walter Orwig and Dan Stetler, who are employed in Akron, Ohio, came home for a few weeks' stay to be with their respective families.

Mr. and Mrs. Forest Harter from Madisonburg were Sunday guests of the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Harter.

Mrs. Houser, nee Lenker, of Bellefonte, spent Sunday with her sister and her aged mother, who is not in her usual health at this writing.

Mrs. Lucy Russell, daughter Gertrude, and granddaughter Kathryn Miller, from Lewisburg, spent Sunday at the home of W. A. Guisewite.

Frank Hardly, formerly a first-class farmer of Wolfs Chapel, but now located east of Hartleton, Union county, was a guest of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Wolfe, a few days last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Rupp, of the southern states, are visiting the former's sister, Mrs. Hinds, of Fiedler, and also his brother Walter, Mr. and Mrs. Warren Beaver and other friends. They will remain here for some time.

Prof. and Mrs. C. R. Neff and bright little daughter Helen, from near Centre Hall, were entertained by Mr. and Mrs. George E. Stahl. Prof. Neff and Mr. Stahl were classmates at Franklin & Marshall College and both graduated at the same time.

Woodward.

From last week.

Thirteen of the High school students of Millheim took supper at the Woodward House last Friday night.

Porter Snyder, a young man from Punxsutawney, is paying his parents a two weeks' visit.

Miss Minnie Kent of Milton spent a few days last week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Isaiah Boob.

Mrs. Clayton Boob and children of Millheim spent a day last week with her father, J. L. Kreamer.

Messrs. J. W. Guisewite, E. H. Musser, D. J. Benner and Thos. Wolfe made a business trip to Madisonburg last Friday.

Mrs. Phoebe Wise and son Elwood and Harry Wolfe and family spent Sunday at the home of the former's son, Samuel Orndorf, at Coburn.

While cutting wood one day last week Harry Haines had the misfortune to cut his hand quite badly. He was taken to the home of Dr. Musser at Aaronsburg for treatment. He is getting along nicely.

The Centre Reporter, $1.50 a year.

Farm House Water Supply.

One of the most important improvements on the farm should be a good water system, supplying all the buildings with a sufficient supply of good water. Charles G. McClain, water supply expert of the Department of Agriculture says:

"In reading an article not long ago, I ran across the following extract from a speech by Governor Craig, of North Carolina, delivered at the State Fair, in which he was discussing rural progress. He said:

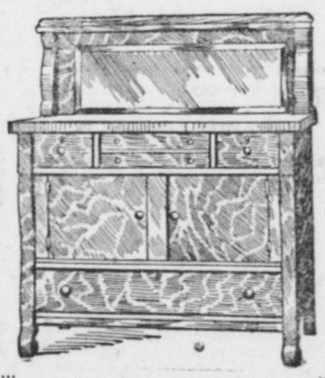
"'If I were asked to name what in my opinion is the most desirable utility in modern life, I would not name the railroad, the telephone, the electric light nor the automobile; I would name running water in the house.'

"If a man on the farm wants all of the improved machinery to help him in his work, why should he not be willing to put in some of the conveniences for the comfort of the wife. The energy wasted in carrying water from either spring or pump would, if conserved, be a wonderful health preserver and maker for happiness in the home.

"A home with running water and all the conveniences is certainly a home of comfort and pleasure, all other things being equal. A home fitted out in this way with stationery wash tubs fitted for hot and cold water and drain pipes, relieves the women of the house from a lot of particularly heavy work. Not only the housewife has been benefited by having running water in the house, but the same system can be extended to take in all of the buildings and in this way the men can be benefited.

"The best system is a gravity system, if the spring or source of water supply is at an elevation sufficiently above the buildings. If not, then some mechanical system must be used, either the hydraulic ram, pressure system or one of the direct pumping systems.

"This is a good time of the year to begin to investigate the springs for a source of water supply. Locate them and by watching them for a season, the best ones can be drawn together and generally in that way a sufficient supply can be had. Sometimes there is one spring of sufficient strength to supply all the water necessary. If a mechanical device is necessary, other improvements can be attached to the same engine, such as a power washing machine, cream separator and in many cases a small dynamo is also attached and electricity is stored in a storage battery and used to light all of the farm buildings. In conclusion let me say to the farmer: Consider the easing up of the work about the house as well as in the field and barn."



HIGH GRADE

FURNITURE

AT LOW PRICES

It is the aim of this store to deliver such high values at such low prices that you will never think of purchasing furniture anywhere else after your first experience here. Just now we have some beautiful sets of bedroom, living room and dining room furniture which it will pay you to inspect.

F. V. Goodhart

Centre Hall

Hoosier and Sellers Kitchen Cabinets Sold by us

Decide Now to Attend the

Centre Hall Summer Normal

the Sessions of which will open MONDAY, MAY 8TH, and continue for Six Weeks.

Preparatory Work for High School or College may be had.

Any person above the 6th year of school work may enroll.

For further particulars confer with—

W. O. HECKMAN, A. B.,

Principal of Centre Hall Schools

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven Catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only Constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.

Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Insurance and Real Estate

If you want to buy or sell property near Centre Hall consult me. I have several properties in Centre Hall now for sale.

Chas. D. Bartholomew

CENTRE HALL, PA.

To Eliminate Punctures USE

DUPLEX DOUBLE THICKNESS AUTOMOBILE TIRES

Guaranteed 5000 Miles Service

ABSOLUTELY PUNCTURE PROOF

Duplex tires are made of the best of material from standard tires. This means 100 per cent. more wearing surface, which means added life to the tire, and there is no chance of a puncture. Our construction gives from 10 to 12 plies of fabric.

For rough country use the DUPLEX tire cannot be excelled. And they are as easy riding as any on the market. The air space and pressure is the same as with pneumatics, which makes them very resilient.

They are the most economical for the car owner and save time by the elimination of tire troubles—no stopping to fix punctures. Tires of this type are used by the U. S. Government and large corporations.

We have a limited stock we will offer at the following prices:

30x3	$ 9 00	35x4	$17 95
30x3½	10 25	35x4½	21 60
32x3½	13 15	36x4½	22 90
33x4	16 15	37x4½	24 00
34x4	17 10	37x5	25 70

All other standard sizes also furnished. Add 10 per cent. for non-skid.

Terms: Net cash at 10 per cent. discount.

Try these tires now, and to assure prompt delivery send order today, making remittance by P. O. Money Order, draft or check. Sold direct to consumer only. Descriptive folder upon request.

Akron Duplex Tire & Rubber Co.

AKRON, OHIO

We are now making our own

ICE CREAM

The cream we use comes from an extra fine Penns Valley herd of cows, resulting in a first-quality ice cream

Sold by the dish or quart.

Try a quart for your dinner today.

LARGE OYSTERS

Take home with you a Quart of our Fancy Selects. We give you a quart of solid oysters for a quart.

Fresh Oyster Crackers always on hand.

Centre Hall Bakery

"Where Good Goods Come From"

CHAS. PENNINGTON, Proprietor

Yes, It's Real Winter Weather

So don't run the risk of contracting a cold which may lead to grip or even pneumonia, by being careless about the comfort and care of your feet. It is here that the greatest danger lies. Guard against it with

GOOD SHOES & RUBBERS

which will forestall these ills and add greatly to your health and happiness.

COME IN TO-DAY.

KREAMER & SON

CENTRE HALL, PA.

Greater Milk Production Results from Feeding Badger Dairy Feed

Positively the Best Feed on the Market to-day. Has Proved to Give the Best Results by Actual test. We have just received a carload of this feed and can quote you attractive prices.

A CARLOAD of COLONIAL SALT

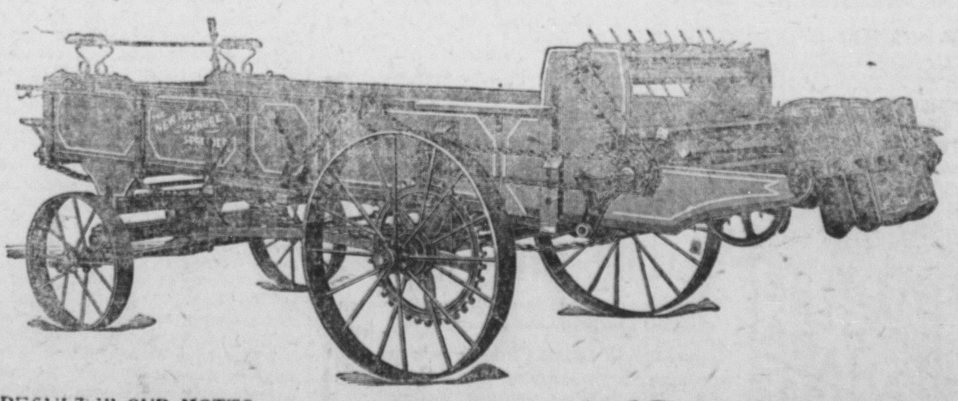
PURE AND CLEAN. GIVE IT A TRIAL.

BEST GRADES COAL—HARD, SOFT, CANNEL and SCREENED LUMP COAL.

Bran, Middlings, Chop, Cotton Seed Meal, Oil Meal, Gluten Feed and Security Calf Meal.

THE NEW IDEA MANURE SPREADER

A MANURE PULVERIZER — A MANURE DISTRIBUTER



"RESULTS" OUR MOTTO

IT HAS THE ABOVE PULVERIZING AND DISTRIBUTING MACHINERY TO WORK WITH

MR. FARMER, here is a farm implement which needs no introduction nor statement of its superior qualities. The large number of satisfied farmers who have been using the "NEW IDEA" for several years past, attests to its merits. A spreader that works the same all day long, under all conditions, and which truly presents a new idea in the construction of manure spreaders, is worthy of your inspection and we ask that you first see the "NEW IDEA" before buying a spreader of unknown quality.

A FULL LINE OF FARMING IMPLEMENTS

In the Market for HAY and STRAW

BRADFORD & SON, Centre Hall

STOP! LOOK! and LISTEN!

DeLAVAL Cream Separators

A FULL LINE OF McCORMICK FARM MACHINERY

"Keystone" Hay Loaders and Side Rakes

Low-Down Corn King Manure Spreaders :: Gasoline Engines

D. W. BRADFORD

BELL PHONE — CENTRE HALL, PA.